

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED

49th Annual Report 2021-2022



ACQUISITION CRITERIA

We use this space to communicate with potential sellers and their representatives, what we look for in a potential acquisition. If you the reader have no personal connection with a business that might be of interest to us but have a friend who does, perhaps you could pass this message on to him.

Here's the sort of business we are looking for:

- Enterprise value in the region of Rs. 100 Crores (Rs.1 billion),
- Demonstrated consistent earning power (future projections are of little interest to us, nor are "turnaround" situations),
- 3. Businesses earning good returns on equity while employing little or no debt,
- Management in place (we can't supply it),
- 5. Simple businesses (if there's lots of technology, we won't understand it),
- An offering price (we don't want to waste our time or that of the seller by talking, even preliminarily, about a transaction when price is unknown).

Normally, we will not engage in unfriendly takeovers. We can promise complete confidentiality and a very fast answer as to whether we have any interest. We prefer to buy for cash, but will consider issuing stock when we receive as much in intrinsic business value as we give.

Our favourite form of purchase is one where the company's owner-managers generate significant amounts of cash, sometimes for themselves, but often for their families or inactive shareholders. At the same time, these managers wish to remain significant owners who continue to run their companies just as they have in the past. We think we offer a particularly good fit for owners with such objectives. We invite potential sellers to check us out by contacting people with whom we have done business in the past.

Renaissance Group New Delhi, India

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED

CIN - U65993DL1974PLC120976

REGD. OFFICE: "SHIV MAHAL", 2" FLOOR, B-47, CONNAUGHT PLACE, NEW DELHI – 110001 TEL.: 011-23310100, 011-43251001 • FAX: 011-2332-5854 • E-MAIL: avalinvltd@gmail.com



NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Forty Ninth (49th) Annual General Meeting of the Members of M/s Avalokiteshvar ValInv Limited will be held on Friday, 30th September, 2022 at India International Centre, 40, Max Mueller Marg, Lodhi Estate, New Delhi - 110003 at 11:00 A.M. to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESSES:

- To receive, consider and adopt:
 - The Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon; and
 - b) The Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.
- To consider and appoint a director in place of Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia (DIN: 00028402), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offer himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

 Regularization of Additional Director, Mr. Digvijay Kumar Choudhary (DIN: 07091883) as Director of the Company.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications, the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

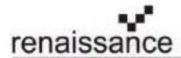
"RESOLVED THAT Mr. Digvijay Kumar Choudhary (DIN: 07091883), who was appointed as an Additional Director with effect from 23rd May, 2022 on the Board of Directors of the Company in terms of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting, be and is hereby appointed as Director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to sign the requisite forms / documents and to do all such acts, deeds and things and execute all such documents, instruments and writings as may be required to give effect to the aforesaid resolution."

> By Order of the Board Avalokiteshvar ValInv Limited

Puneet Verma Company Secretary M. No. 46132

Date: 12/08/2022 Place: New Delhi

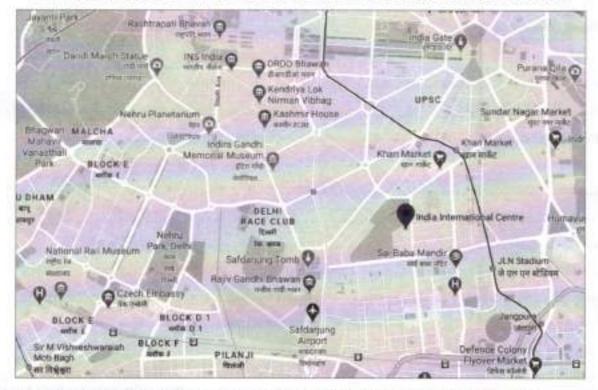


NOTES:

- A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO
 ATTEND AND VOTE ON A POLL INSTEAD OF HIMSELF/HERSELF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A
 MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. THE INSTRUMENT APPOINTING THE PROXY MUST BE DULY FILLED IN
 ALL RESPECT AND SHOULD BE DEPOSITED AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY NOT LESS
 THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING.
 - A person can act as a proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty (50) in number and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent (10%) of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than ten percent (10%) of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person or Member.
- Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing such a representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting.
- All documents referred to in the Notice, and requiring Members' approval, if any, and such statutory records and
 registers, as are required to be kept open for inspection under the Companies Act, 2013, shall be available for
 inspection by the Members at the Annual General Meeting and shall be accessible to the persons attending the
 meeting.
- Members / proxies / authorized representatives are required to bring duly filled attendance slip for attending the
 meeting. They are also requested to bring copy of Annual Report along with them to the Annual General Meeting,
 as no extra copies will be distributed at the meeting.
- Members are requested to address all their correspondence including but not limited to change of address, to the Company's registered office situated at "Shiv Mahal", 2nd Floor, 8-47, Connaught Place, New Delhi – 110001.
- Members are requested to quote folio numbers/Client ID's in all their correspondence with the Company.
- For e-communication, we request and encourage Members to register their email-id's, in the records of your Depository Participant (in case of electronic holding) / the Company (in case of physical shareholding).
- The Company is registered with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) as issuer (having ISIN INE718L01024), for offering dematerialization facility of shares to its shareholders. Our interested members may convert their physical share certificates into dematerialized form by approaching their respective Depository Participants.
- The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for inspection by the Members at the Annual General Meeting.
- The Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which Directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for inspection by the members at the Annual General Meeting.
- Members seeking further information on the Accounts or any other matter contained in the Notice are requested to write to the Company at least 7 (Seven) days before the meeting so that relevant information can be kept ready at the meeting.
- 12. The route map showing directions to reach the venue to the 49th Annual General Meeting is annexed.



ROUTE MAP OF THE VENUE OF 49th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING



EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ITEM NO. 3: APPOINTMENT OF MR. DIGVIJAY KUMAR CHOUDHARY AS A DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY.

Mr. Digvijay Kumar Choudhary (DIN: 07091883) was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from 23rd May, 2022, in accordance with the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Articles of Association of the Company. Pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, the above director holds office only up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Mr. Digvijay Kumar Choudhary is not disqualified from being appointed as Director in terms of Section 164 of Companies Act, 2013 and has given his consent to act as Director.

The Board feels that presence of Mr. Digvijay Kumar Choudhary on the Board is desirable and would be beneficial to the Company and hence it recommends resolution No. 3 for approval by the members of the Company.

The Board recommends resolution under Item No. 3 to be passed as an Ordinary Resolution.

Except Mr. Digvijay Kumar Choudhary, none of the other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is concerned or interested in the said resolution.

By Order of the Board Avalokiteshvar Vallny Limited

Puneet Verma Company Secretary M. No. 46132

Date: 12/08/2022 Place: New Delhi



AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED

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equity shares of the Avalokiteshvar Vallnv Limited, hereby appoint:
E-mail ID:
or failing him
E-mail ID:
or failing him
E-mail ID:
i vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 49th Annual General Meeting of the Company, to mber, 2022 at India International Centre, 40, Max Mueller Marg, Lodhi Estate, New Delhi- 110003 imment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:
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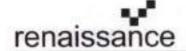
Notes:

- A Proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013, a person can
 act as proxy on behalf of not more than 50 Members and holding in aggregate not more than 10% of the total Share Capital of the
 Company. Members holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company may appoint a single person as proxy, who
 shall not act as proxy for any other Member.
- This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company situated at "Shiv Mahal", 2ndFloor, B-47, Connaught Place, New Delhi 110001, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.



CONSENT FORM FOR GREEN INITIATIVE

To, The Compliance Department Avalokiteshvar Valinv Limited "Shiv Mahal", 2 nd Floor, B-47, Connaught Place, New Delhi- 110001	
Sir,	
I,	(Name of theIndividual / Joint
Shareholder) holding	(No. of shares)Equity Shares of Rs.
10/- each in physical / demat mod	le [vide Folio No. / Client ID ompany, would like to register the below
mentioned Email ID and agree to receive all to correspondences from the company in electron	
E mail ID	
Signature	
Name	
Address	
Date:	



ATTENDANCE SLIP

(Please complete this attendance slip and hand it over at the entrance of the hall)

I/We hereby record my/our presence at the 49th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of Members of the M/s Avalokiteshvar ValInv Limited on Friday, 30th September, 2022 at India International Centre, 40, Max Mueller Marg, Lodhi Estate, New Delhi 110003 at 11:00 A.M.

Folio No. / Client ID	
DP ID & Name of Depository	
Full Name of the Shareholders (in Block letters)	
Number of Shares held:	The same of
- Physical	
- Demat	
Name of Proxy(ies) / Authorized representatives, if any (in Block Letters)	

Signature of the Shareholder(s) / Proxy / Representative*

*Strike out whichever is not applicable

Note:

- Only Member/Proxy holder/Authorised Representative can attend the Annual General Meeting.
- Members / their Proxies/Authorised Representative are advised to bring original photo identity proof for verification.
- Member/Proxy holder/Authorised Representative should bring his/her copy of the Annual Report for their reference at the Meeting.



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Sir,	
I,	(Name of the Individual / Joint
Shareholder) holding	_ (No. of shares)Equity Shares of Rs.
10/- each in physical / demat mode	[vide Folio No. / Client ID pany, would like to register the below
mentioned Email ID and agree to receive all the correspondences from the company in electronic re	communications / documents / notices /
E mail ID	
Signature	
Name	
Address	
Date:	



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SPECIAL BUSINESS:

 Regularization of Additional Director, Mr. Digvijay Kumar Choudhary (DIN: 07091883) as Director of the Company.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications, the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT Mr. Digvijay Kumar Choudhary (DfN: 07091883), who was appointed as an Additional Director with effect from 23rd May, 2022 on the Board of Directors of the Company in terms of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting, be and is hereby appointed as Director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to sign the requisite forms / documents and to do all such acts, deeds and things and execute all such documents, instruments and writings as may be required to give effect to the aforesaid resolution."

By Order of the Board Avalokiteshvar ValInv Limited

Puneet Verma
Company Secretary
M. No. 46132

Date: 12/08/2022

Place: New Delhi



NOTES:

- A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO
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- Members are requested to quote folio numbers/Client ID's in all their correspondence with the Company.
- For e-communication, we request and encourage Members to register their email-id's, in the records of your Depository Participant (in case of electronic holding) / the Company (in case of physical shareholding).
- The Company is registered with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) as issuer (having ISIN INE718L01024), for offering dematerialization facility of shares to its shareholders. Our interested members may convert their physical share certificates into dematerialized form by approaching their respective Depository Participants.
- The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for inspection by the Members at the Annual General Meeting.
- The Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which Directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for inspection by the members at the Annual General Meeting.
- Members seeking further information on the Accounts or any other matter contained in the Notice are requested to
 write to the Company at least 7 (Seven) days before the meeting so that relevant information can be kept ready at
 the meeting.
- The route map showing directions to reach the venue to the 49th Annual General Meeting is annexed.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Syt. Ajai Hari Dalmia : Director Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia : Director Mr. Vasu Modi : Director

Mr. Digvijay Kumar Choudhary : Additional Director

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Puneet Verma

STATUTORY AUDITORS

B. R. Maheswari & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants M-118, Block M, Connaught Circus, New Delhi - 110001

BANKERS

Punjab National Bank HDFC Bank Limited Barclays Bank PLC

REGISTERED OFFICE

"Shiv Mahal", 2nd Floor, B-47, Connaught Place, New Delhi - 110001

Contents		
PARTICULARS	PAGE NO.	
Board of Directors	1	
Director's Report	2-11	
Standalone Financial Statements		
Auditor's Report	12-23	
Standalone Balance Sheet	24	
Standalone Profit and Loss Account	25	
Standalone Cash Flow Statement	26	
Notes to the Accounts	27-59	
Consolidated Financials Statements		
Auditor's Report	60-67	
Consolidated Balance Sheet	68	
Consolidated Profit and Loss Account	69	
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	70	
Notes to the Accounts	71-103	



DIRECTORS' REPORT

To the Members, Avalokiteshvar ValInv Limited

Your Directors are pleased to present the 49th Annual Report on the business and operations together with the Audited Financial Statements and the Auditor's Report thereon for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022. The results of operations for the year under review are given below:

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS	(Figures i	n INR Lakh)
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Total Income	4,655.21	2,230.07
Total Expenditure	3,163.33	664.80
Profit/(Loss) before tax	1,491.88	1,565.27
Current Tax	418.61	300.00
Earlier year Tax	(-98.72)	(19.93)
MAT Credit Entitlement	104.19	(31.00)
Deferred Tax	(842.12)	1,197.06
Profit/(Loss) after tax	1,909.93	57.14
Other comprehensive Income:		
A) Items that may be reclassified to statement of Profit and Loss		
Add/(Less) Change in fair value of financial instruments		72
Income tax effect		
B) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of Profit and Los	55	
Add/(Less) Change in fair value of financial instruments	1,268.92	3,629.79
Income tax effect	369.51	907.45
Other comprehensive Income for the Year (net of tax) (A+B)	899.41	2,722.34
Total comprehensive Income for the year	2,809.33	2,779.48
Earnings per share (₹)	76.11	75.30
Diluted (Rs.)	76.11	75.30

2. PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY

Your Company being a Non-Banking Financial Company, the income of the Company constitutes a mix of dividend/interest income & supplemented by the profit on sale of investments.

Total Income of the Company is INR 4,655.21 Lakh in the financial year 2021-22 as against INR 2,230.07 Lakh in the previous Financial Year. The Profit / loss before tax for the period under review is INR 1,491.88 Lakh as against Profit INR 1,565.27 Lakh in the previous financial year. The Profit after tax for the period under review is INR 1,909.93 Lakh as against INR 57.14 Lakh in the previous financial year.

3. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS

There was no change in nature of business during the financial year under review.

4. ACCEPTANCE OF DEPOSITS

The Company being a Non-Deposit Accepting Non-Banking Finance Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year under review and shall not accept any deposits from the public in near future without obtaining prior approval of the Reserve Bank of India.



5. TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Company has transferred an amount in the following Reserves during the financial year under review:

- General Reserve: The Company has not transferred any amount to General Reserves as all the profit has been
 retained in Profit and loss account.
- Statutory Reserve: As required under section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, an amount of INR 381.99 Lakh has been transferred to the Statutory Reserves.
- Capital Redemption Reserve: Company has not transferred any amount to Capital Redemption Reserve.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors of your Company has not recommended any dividend for the year under review.

TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

The provisions of Section 125(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply as there was no dividend declared and paid last year.

8. SHARECAPITAL

A. BUYBACK OF SECURITIES

The Company has not bought back any of its securities during the year under review.

B. SWEAT EQUITY SHARES

The Company has not issued any Sweat Equity Shares during the year under review.

C. BONUS SHARES

No Bonus Shares were issued during the year under review.

D. EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company has not provided any Stock Option Scheme to the employee during the year under review.

DEMATERIALIZATION & REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

ISIN for the equity shares of the Company is INE718L01024 and the equity shares are available for dematerialization with the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL). The Company has appointed and having arrangement with Alankit Assignments Limited as its Registrar & Transfer Agent.

The address of the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company is as follows:

"Alankit Assignment Limited 4E/2 Jhandewalan Extension

New Delhi - 110 055

Tel: 011-42541234 / 23541234"

10. DETAILS OF CHANGES IN DIRECTORS OR KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OF THE COMPANY

Syt. A.H. Dalmia, Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia and Mr. Vasu Modi continue to be the directors of the Company. There has been no change in the constitution of the Board during the year under review. However, the Board has appointed Mr. Digvijay Kumar Choudhary as Additional Director of your Company in its Board Meeting dated 23/05/2022 and who are eligible to regularize in ensuring Annual General Meeting as director of the Company subject to the approval of the Members.

None of the Directors of the Company are disqualified under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions.

Further, there was no change in Key Managerial Personnel of the Company during the year under review.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE COMPANY TO WHICH THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

There were no material changes which were affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of financial year to which the financial statements relate and on the date of this report.

12. DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATE, JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES.



The Company does not have any Subsidiary(ies) and Joint Venture during the financial year under review.

The Company has following Associates as on 31st March, 2022:

1.	Arvind Techno Engineers Private Limited	Associate
-		I V V = VVVVVV V

Pursuant to the provisions of section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the Company's Subsidiaries / Associates / Joint Ventures in Form AOC-1 is attached as Annexure-L.

13. STATUTORY AUDITORS

Pursuant to the provisions of section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, M/s. B. R. Maheswari & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 001035N/N500050) were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company from the conclusion of the erstwhile 46th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 30, 2019 till the conclusion of the 51th Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2024.

14. AUDITORS' REPORT

The Auditors' Report to the shareholders on the Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, does not contain any qualifications or adverse remarks. Accordingly, it does not call any further comments.

A separate Auditor's Report to the Board of Directors has also been prepared by the Statutory Auditors, in terms of Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditor's Report (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016. The report does not contain any qualifications or adverse remarks and confirms compliance of applicable Directions, circulars and prudential Norms as prescribed by Reserve Bank of India.

15. ANNUAL RETURN

The Company shall file a copy of annual return with the Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana, in accordance with provision of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Being an Investment Company the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

However during the period under review, the foreign exchange earnings were NIL and foreign expenditure was NIL.

17. COMMITTEES OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the year, the Company has following committees of Board in terms of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable Acts for better Corporate Governance:

- Shareholders' Grievance Committee;
- Corporate Social Responsibility Committee.

The composition of the committees are as per applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under are as follow:

Name of the Committees	Composition of Committees	
Shareholders' Grievance Committee	Syt. A.H. Dalmia, Director as Member Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia, Director as Member	
Corporate Social Responsibility Committee	Syt. A.H. Dalmia, Director as Member Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia, Director as Member	

During the year under review, Share Transfer Committee shall stand discontinue due to fact that your company is a Public Limited Company and as per the notification/circular issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) which states that on and after 2nd October, 2018 all the transfer of shares shall be process in Dematerialisation mode only. Therefore, your Company doesn't require to have Share Transfer Committee.



Further all other request of the Shareholders' viz. Request for Transmission, Issue of Duplicate Share Certificate, etc. Shall be dealt with by the Board.

18. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) INITIATIVES

During the financial year 2021-22, Company has undertaken projects in areas as stipulated in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

The brief outline of the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) policy of the Company and the initiatives undertaken by the Company on CSR activities during the year are set out in **Annexure-II** of this report in the format prescribed in the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES, SECURITY OR INVESTMENTS MADE UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Being a Non-Banking Financial Company, registered under Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 whose principal business is acquisition of securities, etc., provisions of section 186 of Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the company as exemption provided in clause (b) of sub-section (11) of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

CONTRACTS AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTY AS PER SECTION 188 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

The particulars of every contract or arrangements entered by the Company with related parties referred to in subsection (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 are disclosed in Form No. AOC-2 is attached as Annexure-III.

Further all contracts and arrangement with related parties under Section 188(1) entered by the Company during the financial year were in ordinary course of business and also on arms-length basis.

21. DIRECTOR LIABLE TO RETIRE BY ROTATION

In accordance with the provision of the Companies Act, 2013 and Article of Association of the Company, Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia (DIN: 00028402) retires by rotation at the ensuring Annual General Meeting and are eligible for re-appointment. Your Board of Director recommends their re-appointment.

STATEMENT OF DECLARATION GIVEN BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS UNDER SUB-SECTION (6) OF SECTION 149 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

The provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 pertaining to the appointment of Independent Director(s) do not apply to Company.

23. NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS CONDUCTED DURING THE YEAR

The Board met 10 (Ten) times during the financial year 2021-22 viz., on 02/04/2021, 28/06/2021, 24/07/2021, 01/09/2021, 17/09/2021, 15/11/2021, 30/11/2021, 15/01/2022, 18/02/2022 and 30/03/2022.

The intervening gaps between the Meetings were within the period prescribed under Companies Act, 2013.

24. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company's main business activity is making Investment in Primary and Secondary market, Mutual Funds and Portfolio management Services etc. Investment Business is always prone to various risks of capital market fluctuations, global developments competition risk interest rate volatility economic cycle and political risk which can affect the fortunes of investment companies in both ways.

The Company has adopted a Risk Management Policy duly approved by the Board and also has in place a mechanism to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate various risks to key business objectives. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

25. DISCLOSURE OF COMPOSITION OF AUDIT COMMITTEE AND PROVIDING VIGIL MECHANISM

The provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 and 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company during the year under review.



COMPANY'S POLICY RELATING TO DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT, PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION ETC.

The provisions of Section 178(1) relating to constitution of Nomination and Remuneration Committee are not applicable to the Company during the year under review and hence the Company has not devised any policy relating to appointment of Directors, payment of remuneration etc. and other related matters as provided under section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013.

27. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134(3)(c) and Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors, to the best of knowledge and ability, confirms that:

- In the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2022, the applicable Accounting Standards had been followed and that no material departures from the same;
- Accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and judgments and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the FY 2021-22 and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- Proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 have been taken for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- The annual accounts for the FY 2021-22 have been prepared on a going concern basis.
- Internal financial controls have been laid down, to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- Proper system has been devised to ensure compliance with the provision of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

28. REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS

During the year under review, the Statutory Auditor has not reported to the Board as per section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, any instances of fraud(s) committed against the Company by its Officers or employees, the details of which would need to be mentioned in this Board's report.

This is also being supported by the report of the auditors of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2022.

29. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

During the year under review, there has been no such significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

30. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD AND GENERAL MEETINGS

During the year under review, your Company is in compliance with all the provisions of the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

31. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEE

During the year under review, your Company has not paid any managerial remuneration as stated under the provision of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with in rule 5(2) and (3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

32. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Your Company had put in place adequate internal financial control and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of fraud, error reporting mechanism, accuracy, and completeness of the accounting records, and timely preparation of reliable financial disclosures.



OBLIGATION OF COMPANY UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The number of the employees engaged in the Company is below the statutory limits as defined in the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and rules thereof and there is no Women employee in engaged with the Company during the financial year 2021-22. Hence, the provisions relating to constitution of Internal Complaint Committee and other compliances thereof (including but not limited to framing of Policy on Prohibition of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace) are not applicable on the Company.

34. PROCEEDINGS UNDER INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016

There is no proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

35. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the Board of Directors and on my own behalf, we take this opportunity to thank all our stakeholders, bankers, and all the shareholders for the co-operation and assistance extended to the Company and look forward to their continued support. The Board would also like to thank Reserve Bank of India, and Registrar of Companies for their co-operation, guidance and support extended during the year. The Board Members further place on record our appreciation and convey our gratitude to all the employees, vendors, brokers, depository participants for their overwhelming support and services during the year.

For and on behalf of the Board Avalokiteshvar Vallny Limited

A.H. Dalmia

Chaitanya Dalmia

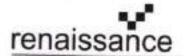
Director

Director

DIN: 00225963

DIN: 00028402

Date: 12/08/2022 Place: New Delhi



Annexure - I

Form AOC-1

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries / Associate Companies / Joint Ventures

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Part "A": Subsidiaries

The Company does not have any subsidiary company in terms of the Companies Act, 2013.

Part "B":- Associates and Joint Venture

The Company does not have any Joint Venture in terms of the Companies Act, 2013.

Statement pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies

(Figures in INR Labb)

_	Name of the Associates	Arvind Techno Engineers Private Limited
1,	Latest Audited Balance Sheet Date	31/03/2022
2.	Shares of the Associate held by the Company on the year end No. of Shares. Amount of Investment in Associates Extend of Holding %	67.426 3,038.86 34.28%
3.	Description of how there is significant influence	Shareholding is > 20%
4.	Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	-
5.	Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet 31.03.2022 (Considered in Consolidated Balance Sheet)	3,038.86
6.	Profit/(Loss) for the year i. Considered in Consolidation ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	465.49

^{*}There were no associates which are yet to commence business operations during the year under review.

For and on behalf of the Board Avalokiteshvar Valiny Limited

A.H. Dalmia Director

DIN: 00225963

Chaitanya Dalmia

Director

DIN: 00028402

Puneet Verma

Company Secretary

M. No. 46132

Date: 12/08/2022 Place: New Delhi



Annexure - II

ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-22.

- A brief outline of the company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken. The brief details of Company's programs are as follows:-
 - Promoting Healthcare and sanitation and making available safe drinking water;
 - · Promoting education including special education;
 - Promoting gender equality and empowering women;
 - Ensuring environmental sustainability;
 - Protecting national heritage, art and culture;
 - Measures for the benefit of Armed forces veterans, war widows and their dependents;
 - Rural development projects;
 - Contribution to prime minister's national relief fund;
 - Contribution to research and development projects related to science;
 - Contribution to public funded universities
 - Slum area development;
 - Disaster management, including relief and reconstruction activities.
- 2. The Composition of the CSR Committee

The Current members of the CSR committee of the Board are:

- a. Syt. A. H. Dalmia, Chairman of the Committee
- b. Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia, Member
- Average Net Profit of the company for last three financial years: INR 2,00,00,000/-
- Prescribed CSR Expenditure (Two per cent. of the amount as in item 3 above): INR 4,00,000/-
- Details of CSR spent during the financial year 2021-22:
 - Total amount to be spent for the financial year: INR 4,60,000/-
 - b. Amount unspent, if any: NIL
 - c. Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year 2021-22 is detailed below:



(Figures in INR Lakh)

S. No.	CSR project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or program (1) Local area or other (2) Specify the state and district where projects or programs was undertaken	Amt. outlay (budget) project or program wise	Amt. spent on the project or program Sub Heads; (1) Direct expenditure (2) Overheads	Cumulative Expenditur e up to the reporting period (i.e. FY 2021-22)	Amt. Spent direct or through Implementin g Agency
1.	Manav Seva Sansthan	Schedule VII Rural Development Projects	Delhi	2.84	2.84	2.84	Direct
2.	URBO Rural Integrated Development Association	Schedule VII Promoting Education, including special Education & employment enhancing vocation skills	Delhi	1.76	1.76	1.76	Direct

- Reasons for not spending the prescribed CSR expenditure: Not Applicable
- 7. The CSR Committee hereby confirms that the implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy is in compliance with CSR objectives and Policy of the Company.

For Avalokiteshvar Valiny Limited

A.H. Dalmia

Chaitanya Dalmia

Director

Director

DIN: 00225963

DIN: 00028402

Date: 12/08/2022 Place: New Delhi



Annexure - III

FORM NO. AOC - 2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

This Form pertains to disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transaction under third proviso thereto.

- Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis: Your Company hasn't entered
 into any contract or arrangement or transaction with its related parties which is not at arm's length during the
 financial year 2021-22.
- 2. Details of contacts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis:

Name(s) of the related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of Contract / Arrangement/ Transaction	Duration of Contract / Arrangement/ Transaction	Salient Terms	Amount (in Rs.)
Smt. Puja Dalmia	Wife of Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia Director of the Company	Related party's appointment to any office or place of profit in the company	N.A.	As per offer letter	Rs. 6,00,000/-
Syt. Gaur Hari Dalima	Son of Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia Director of the Company	Related party's appointment to any office or place of profit in the company	N.A.	As per offer letter	Rs. 8 ,387/-
Arvind Techno Engineers Pvt. Ltd.	Associate Company	Leasing out of Property	11 Months	As per Lease Agreement	Rs 9,58,750/-

For and on behalf of the Board Avalokiteshvar Valinv Limited

A.H. Dalmia

Chaitanya Dalmia

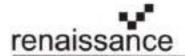
Director

Director

DIN: 00225963

DIN: 00028402

Date: 12/08/2022 Place: New Delhi



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Avalokiteshvar Valiny Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Avalokiteshvar Valinv Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of changes in equity and the statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act, and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Board's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact with those charge with the governance.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance



with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from
 fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our
 opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the
 audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast
 significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the
 financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the
 audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
 Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

Mater iality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in



- (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and
- (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For B R Maheswari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath Partner Membership No.082700

UDIN: 22082700AUNXFR9457

Place: New Delhi Date: August 12th, 2022



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and Companies [Indian Accounting Standards] Rules, 2015.
 - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure 'A'.
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no managerial remuneration has been paid or provided by the Company to its directors during the year.
 - (h) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - The Company did not have any long term contracts including any derivative contracts for which there
 were any material foreseeable losses;
 - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and



- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure 'B' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For B R Maheswari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath Partner Membership No.082700

UDIN: 22082700AUNXFR9457

Place: New Delhi Date: 12/08/2022



Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1(f) under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Avalokiteshvar Valinv Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Financial statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For B R Maheswari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath

Partner

Membership No: 082700

UDIN: 22082700AUNXFR9457

Place: New Delhi

Date: August 12th, 2022



Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

- (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property plant and equipment.
 - (B) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year as per the regular programme of verification which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
 - (e) There are no proceedings that have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii) (a) The Company has physically verified the inventories. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and coverage followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification the physical stock and book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current asset, and accordingly clause 3(ii)(b) of the order are not applicable.
- (a) Matters specified in clause iii (a) of paragraph 3 of the CARO, 2020 does not apply to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us the Company has not made investments, provided guarantees, given security, granted loans or advances in the nature of loans during the year.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us the Company has not granted loans or advances in the nature of loans during the year, and accordingly clause iii(c) does not apply to the company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given. Further, the Company has not given any advances in the nature of loans to any party during the year.
 - (e) Matters specified in clause iii(e), of paragraph 3 of the CARO, 2020 does not apply to the Company.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.



- iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any loans, investments, guarantees and security which are covered under the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3 (iv) of the Order is not applicable. The provisions of subsections (2) to (11) of Section 186 are not applicable to the Company as it is a nonbanking financial company registered with the RBI engaged in the business of giving loans.
- v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- vi) The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act are not applicable to the Company as the Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records for any of the products of the Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has generally been regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Services Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no dues of Income Tax, Goods and Services Tax and Cess which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us. There are no income has been surrendered or disclosed, which is not recorded in the books of accounts, during the year found in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) (a) Based on the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not availed any loan from the financial institutions, banks or debenture holders. Also, the Company did not have any outstanding loans and borrowings from government during the year. Accordingly, the provision stated in clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, the company does not have any outstanding term loan at any point of time during the year, hence clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for longterm purposes by the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.



- (x) (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term Loans. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (x) (a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
 - (b) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not allotted Preferential shares (section 62) or raised money by way of Private placement (section 42) or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible), during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (x) (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- (xi) (a) During the course of our audit, examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company
 - (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not received whistle blower complaints during the year, hence whether the auditors have considered the complaints does not arise.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements, as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards 24 "Related party Disclosure specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) (a) As per section 138 of the Indian companies Act 2013 read with rule 13 of companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the company does not require to appoint an internal auditor or a firm internal auditor, hence does not have an internal audit system for the period under audit. However in accordance with size and scope of company, the company have maintained sufficient and appropriate internal controls.
 - (b) As per section 138 of the Indian companies Act 2013 read with rule 13 of companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the company does not require to have internal audit, therefore clause (xiv)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, provisions stated in paragraph 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- (xvi) (a) In our opinion, the Company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and the company has obtained the same.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial activities during the year for which the Company does not holds a valid Certificate of Registration from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India, hence whether the company has fulfilled the criteria of CIC does not arise.



- (d) Based on the information and explanations provided by management of the company, the group has no CICs as part of Group.
- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has not been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year, hence para 3 clause (xviii) is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report and the company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- (xx) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not transferred to special account any amount remaining unspent under subsection (5) of section 135 of the Companies Act, pursuant to any ongoing project, has been in compliance with the provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act
 - (b) The company does not have any unspent amount under section 135(5) of the companies Act, hence no amount has been transferred to special account pursuant to any ongoing project.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For B R Maheswari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath

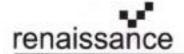
Partner

Membership No: 082700

UDIN: 22082700AUNXFR9457

Place: New Delhi

Date: August 12th, 2022



Independent Auditors' Additional Report

TO, The Board of the Directors, Avalokteshvar Valinv Limited Shiv Mahal,2nd Floor, B-47, Connaught Place, New Delhi-110001

We have audited the Balance Sheet of Avalokteshvar Valinv Limited. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") as at March 31, 2022, and the related Statement of Profit and Loss and Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended on that date.

Auditor's Responsibility

Pursuant to the requirements of Master Direction – Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditor's Report (Reserve Bank)
Direction, 2016 ("the Directions") it is our responsibility to examine the books and records of the company and reports
on the matters specified in the Direction to the extent applicable to the Company. Based on our examination of the books
and the records of the company as produced for our examination and the information and the explanations given to us
we further report that:

- The Company is engaged in the business of non-banking financial institution and it has been granted a Certificate of Registration by the Reserve Bank of India in terms of Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- The Company is entitled to continue to hold such Certificate of Registration in terms of its assets/income pattern as on 31st March, 2022;
- We have verified the minutes of the meeting of the Board of the Directors of the company wherein a resolution for non-acceptance of any public deposit has been passed;
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not accepted any public deposits during the year under review.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has
 compiled with the prudential norms as applicable to it in terms of Non-Systemically Important Non-Banking
 Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.

For B R Maheswari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants FRN: - 001035N / N500050

Sanjay Nath Partner Membership No. 082700

UDIN: 22082700AUNXFR9457

Place: New Delhi Date: 12/08/2022

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED

Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022	(All con	counts in # f alche and	on other day of the
Particulars	Note	ounts in ₹ Lakhs, unle As at March	As at March
1 41 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	No.	31, 2022	31, 2021
Assets	1.500		y.ag acces
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,485.29	925.41
Investments	4	25,464.47	24.036.64
Other financial assets	5	1,203.84	948.66
Non-financial assets			
Inventories	6	335.10	204.56
Current tax assets (net)	7	701.24	515,83
Deferred tax assets (net)	8	44.46	2.44104
Investment Property	9	1,717.93	1,751.99
Property, plant and equipment	10	550.93	584.11
Intangible assets	11	0.17	0.17
Other non-financial assets	12	60.33	68.07
Total assets		31,563.76	29,035.43
Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Derivative Liability	13	58.35	13.13
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	14	700.00	700.00
Other financial liabilities	15	11.90	29.65
Non-financial liabilities			
Current tax liabilities (net)	7	418.61	300.00
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	8	*	428.15
Other non-financial liabilities	16	3.66	2.60
Total liabilities		1,192.52	1,473.53
Equity			
Equity share capital	17	369.14	369.10
Other equity	18	30,002.10	27,192.77
Total equity		30,371.24	27,561.91

Companies overview, significant accounting policies and notes to standalone financial statements, Note 1-37 This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date

For B.R. Maheswari & Co LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Reg. No.001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath Partner

Membership No.82700

A.H. Dalmia Director DIN: 00225963 Chaitanya Dalmia Director DIN: 00028402

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: New Delhi Date: 12/08/2022

Puneet Verma Company Secretary M.No.: 46132

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022 unless otherwise stated)					
Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31, March 2022	For the year ended 31, March 2021		
Income					
Revenue from operations					
Sale of Shares		2,425.79	464.20		
Dividend Income		1,213.05	372.06		
Interest Income		221.89	180.33		
Futures and Options		102.57	303.19		
Total revenue from operations	1.63	3,963.29	1,319.80		
Other income	19	691.91	910.27		
Total income		4,655.21	2,230.07		
Expenses					
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade		2,462.68	606.16		
Changes in Inventories of Stock in Trade	20	(130.54)	(204.56)		
Employee benefits expenses	21 23	25.09 67.63	40.22 74.76		
Depreciation and Amortisation Other administrative expenses	22	738.47	148.22		
보고가 된 얼마면 있다면 하다가면 하고 있으니 이래마다 이 어머니?	-	3,163.33	664.80		
Total expenses		1,491.93	1,565.27		
Profit/ (loss) before tax Tax expense:		1,471.73	1,000.27		
(i) Current tax	25	418.61	300.00		
(ii) Tax adjustment relating to earlier year	0.00	(98.72)	(19.93)		
(iii) Deferred tax (credit) (net)	25	(842.12)	1,197.06		
(iv) MAT Credit	25	104.19	31.00		
Total tax expense		(418.05)	1,508.13		
Profit/ (loss) after tax		1,909.93	57.14		
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)					
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		1 242 02	2 (20 20		
Add/(Less) Change in fair value of financial inst Income tax impact on above	ruments 26	1,268.92 369.51	3,629.79 907.45		
1, N. 1, S.		899.41	2,722.34		
Sub Total (A)			2,122.59		
Other comprehensive income/ (loss) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:					
Add/(Less) Change in fair value of financial inst	ruments				
Income tax impact on above	Management.				
Sub Total (B)					
Other comprehensive Income for the Year (net of	(tax) (a+b)	899.41	2,722.34		
[24] [14] [24] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [ianj (a v)	2,809.33	2,779.48		
Total comprehensive Income for the year		2,009.33	2,117.40		
Earnings per equity share	24	7/11	TT 20		
Basic (Rs.)	24	76.11	75.30		
Diluted (Rs.)	24	76.11	75.30		
Significant accounting policies and notes to stand This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred t	lalone financial statem to in our report of ever	nents, Note 1-37 n date			
For B.R. Maheswari & Co LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Reg. No.001035N/N500050	Fo	r and on behalf of the	Board of Directors		
Sanjay Nath	A.H. Dalmia		Chaitanya Dalmia		
Partner	Director		Director		
Membership No.82700	DIN: 00225963		DIN: 00028402		
Place: New Delhi			Puneet Verma		
Date: 12/08/2022			Company Secretary M.No.: 46132		

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022	(All amounts in ₹ Lak unless otherwise state		
Particulars	year ended 31, March 2022	year ended 31, March 2021	
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Profit before tax for the year	1,491.88	1,565.27	
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash provided by operating active	vities:	2000	
Balance Written off	541.91	0.58	
Depreciation and Amortisation	67.63	74.76	
Profit/Loss on sale of Property plant and Equipments		-3.00	
Net Gain/loss on Sale of Investment	- 627.69	- 902.24	
Profit & Loss on Speculation	20.27	4.64	
Interest Income other than Investments Rental Income	-34.74	80.49	
	-4.75	-0.08	
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,434.24	659.44	
Changes in Working Capital			
Adjustments for (increase)/decrease in operating assets:	1-0210-0		
Inventories	-130.54	-204.56	
Other Financial assets	-255.19	717.56	
Other Non Financial assets	7.74	2.49	
Deferred Tax	369.51	907.45	
Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Other Financial Liabilities	-17.75	20.88	
Other Non Financial Liabilities	1.06	1.23	
Derivative Liability	45.22	13.13	
Cash generated from operations			
Change in Tax	-490.87	-47.50	
Net Cash from operating activities	963.44	2,070.12	
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Sale on Speculation	×	-4.64	
Interest Income other than Investments	34.74	80.49	
Rental Income	4.75	0.08	
Sale of Property Plant and Equipments		15.07	
Purchase of Property Plant and Equipments	-0.40	1400	
Sale of Investments	9,893.86	21,368.15	
Purchase of Investments	-10,336.51	-23,244.80	
Net Cash from/ (used) in investment activities	-403.56	-1,785.66	
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-47.00.00	
Loan taken			
Net Cash (used) / from financing activities	2	2	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	559.88	284.46	
Opening balance of Cash and cash equivalents	925.41	640.95	
Closing balance of Cash and cash equivalents	1,485.29	925.41	
	4,400,40	740/81	

The above Cash Flow statement is prepared as per "Indirect method" specified in Ind AS7 "Statement of Cash Flows".

(A) This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date

For B.R. Maheswari & Co LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Reg. No.001035N/N500050 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Nath Partner Membership No.82700

Membership No.82700

Place: New Delhi Date: 12/08/2022 A.H. Dalmia Director DIN: 00225963 Chaitanya Dalmia Director DIN: 00028402

Puneet Verma Company Secretary M.No.: 46132

				Other eq	uity*		Other comprehensive	120000	
Particulars	Equity share	Reserves and surplus				income	Total	Total	
Particulate	Capital	Securities premium	Capital Redem- ption Reserve	General Reserve	Statutory reserve (As per RBI Regulation)	Retained earnings	Change in fair value of financial instruments	equity	equity
Balances as at March 31, 2020 Changes in Equity Share Capital due to	369.14	₹.	902.58	66.57	6,686.62	17,910.36	-1,152.84	24,413.29	24,782.43
prior period errors Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors Restated balance at the beginning of the year Profit for the year Fair value changes of financial Instruments	369.14	2007	902.58	66.57	6,686.62	17,910.36 57.14	-1,152.84 2,722.34	24,413.29 57.14 2,722.34	57.14 2,722.34
Total comprehensive income for the year				-		57.14	2,722.34	2,779.48	2,779.48
Transfer to special reserve Transfer to statutory reserve Reclassification of gain on sale of financial instruments classified as fair value through OC Others					11.43	-11.43			
Balances as at March 31, 2021	369.14		902.58	66.57	6,698.04	17,956.07	1,569.51	27,192.77	27,561.91
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors Restated balance at the beginning of the year Profit for the year Fair value changes of financial Instruments	369.14		902.58	66.57	6,698.04	17,956.07 1,909.93	1,569.51 899.41	27,192.77 1,909.93 899.41	27,561.91 1,909.93 899
Total comprehensive income for the year							899.41	2,809.33	2,809.33
Transfer to special reserve Transfer to statutory reserve Reclassification of gain on sale of financial instruments classified as fair value through OC Adjustments of reclassification of gain on sale of financial instruments classified as fair value through	-				381.99	-381.99 279.84	-279.84		
OC of prior years	- 3			123	100	1.16	-1.16		1.5
Others Balances as at March 31, 2022	369.14	-	902.58	66.57	7,080.03	17,855,08	2,187.92	30,002.10	30,371.24

^{*} Rs. 381.99 lakh (Previous Year: Rs. 11.43 lakh) has been transferred to Reserve Fund as prescribed by section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, being 20% of the profit after taxes for the year ended March 31, 2022. This is the Statement of Change in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For B. R. Maheswari & Co LLP

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Reg. No.001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath

Partner Membership No.82700

Place: New Delhi Date: 12/08/2022 A.H. Dalmia Director DIN: 00225963 Chaitanya Dalmia Director DIN: 00028402

Puncet Verma Company Secretary M.No.: 46132



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

1 COMPANY OVERVIEW

Avalokiteshvar Valinv Limited ('the Company' or 'AVL') is a Limited Company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India in April, 1974. The Registered Office of the Company is situated at Delhi, India.

The company is primarily engaged in investment in capital as well as money market instruments including but not limited to Equity and Equity-oriented securities, futures & Options, NCDs, Mutual Funds etc. Over a period of time company has diversified and balanced its portfolio by investing in various quoted and unquoted securities and with a motive for better growth as well as better returns while keeping in mind the measure for mitigating risks involve in capital markets. Company is also availing the servies of various Portfoilio Managemet Services.

These financial statements are approved and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company in Board Meeting dated August 12th, 2022

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This Note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these standalone financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a. The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

Amounts for the years ended March 31, 2022 and as at March 31, 2021 were audited by previous auditors - BR Maheswari & Co LLP.

- These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following:-
 - Certain Financial Assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Refer Note -4)

2.2 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) which is also the Company's functional currency and all amount are rounded to the nearest lakhs and two decimals thereof, except as stated otherwise.

2.3 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported account of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are known or materialized.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and



liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting year. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are known or materialised.

2.4 REVENUERECOGNITION

REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Revenue is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable. Revenues are recognized when collectability of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured.

Dividend income is recognised when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

OTHERSITEMS OF REVENUE

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the entity and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accured on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and the effective rate applicable which is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial assets to that assets' net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Other items like extra items claim, insurance claims, any receipts on account of pending income tax and GST, where quantum of accruals cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty, are recognized as income only when revenue is virtually certain which generally coincides with receipts.

Premium received on Future & Options (F&O) is recognized as income/loss on settlement date except where such transactions have been squared off before settlement date. In case of open F&O transactions are squared off before settlement/expiry date, income/loss is recognized on date of square off.

2.5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, Plant and Equipment assets are carried at cost net of tax / duty credit availed less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

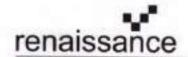
Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its recoverable amount.

Property, Plant and Equipment are eliminated from the financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use.

Gain and losses on disposal or retirement of assets are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation is provided using the written down value method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values on the basis of useful life of the assets. Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:



Nature of Asset Estimated useful lives
Buildings 60 years
Computers 3 years

Vehicles 8 years
Office Equipments 5 years

The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at end of each financial year and any changes there-in are considered as change in estimate and accounted prospectively.

2.6 INTANGIBLE ASSESTS (OTHER THAN GOODWILL)

Intangible assets (Computer Software) are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impaired loss, if any. Computer Software for internal use which is primarily acquired is capitalized. Subsequently costs associated with maintaining such software are recognised as expense as incurred. Cost of software includes licenses fees, cost of implementation, system integration services etc. where applicable.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of Intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2.7 IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing of an asset is required, the Company estimates the assets recoverable amount. An assets recoverable amount is the higher of an assets or Cash-generating unit (CGU) fair value less cost of disposal and its fair value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the assets does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. When the carrying amount of an assets or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the assets is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining the fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken in account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impaired losses are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

2.8 INVENTORIES

Stock of shares and securities are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

2.9 EARNING PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For considering the Company's earnings per share the net profit or loss for the period is taken. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares, if any, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.



2.10 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing cost specifically relating to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying assets that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue in the period in which it is incurred. Borrowing costs consists of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

However, during the year company has not obtained loan form director which is interest free.

2.11 PROVISION AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimates of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the liability is not considered. However, a disclosure for contingent liabilities is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past event, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

2.12 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the Statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash at bank, other shortterm highly liquid investment with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.13 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

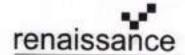
- Short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss of the year in which the related service are rendered.
- b. Compensated absence is accounted for using the project unit credit method, on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by third party actuaries at each Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to profit and loss in the period in which they arise.
- c. Contribution payable by the Company to the concerned government authorities in respect of provident fund, family pension fund and employee state insurance are defined contribution plans. The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service. The company does not have any further obligation in this respect, beyond such contribution.

However, the above said points are not applicable to the company

2.14 INCOMETAXES

Income tax expenses comprises current and deferred income tax. Income tax expenses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in those case it is recognised in 'Other Comprehensive Income'. Current Income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balances sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.



Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax assets is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. The Company off sets current tax assets and Current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it indents either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.15 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial instrument is any contract that give rise to a financial assets of one entity and financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a. Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

The Company recognizes financial assets when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets are recognized at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive depending on its business model for managing those financial assets and the assets contractual cash flow characteristics.

(i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and other benefits.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset, which is not classified in any of the above categories, is subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

(iv) Investment in subsidiaries and associates

Investment in associates is carried at cost in the separate financial statements.*

Derecognition

The company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the assets expires or it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets to another entity.



Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets. If credit risks has not increase significantly 12 months ECL is used to provide the impairment loss. If credit risks has increased significantly lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risks since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 month ECL.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/ expenses in the statement of profit & loss.

b. Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss, loans and borrowings or payable.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships. All change in the fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Loan and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized costs using EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

De crecognition

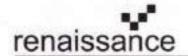
A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

2.16 Investment Property

Investment property comprises freehold properties that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the assets carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred Investment properties are depreciated using the straightline method over their estimated useful lives prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined one's in tenure of three years, based on evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer.



Investment properties are de recognised either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period of de recognition.

2.17 CRITICAL ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates, judgement and assumptions which affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year and disclosure of contingent asset and liabilities as at the balance sheet date.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgement are:

i Critical estimates

- Estimated useful life of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment Note 2.5 and 2.6
- Estimated fair value of financial instruments Note 33
- Recognition of revenue Note 2.4

ii Significant Judgements

- Designating financial asset / liability through fair value through profit or loss so as to reduce / eliminate accounting mismatch.
- Probability of an outflow of resources to settle an obligation resulting in recognition of provision.

The estimates, judgement and assumptions used in the financial statements are based upon Management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances and as at the date of financial statements. Accounting estimates could differ from period to period and accordingly appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of the changes. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

2.18 Derivative contracts

Derivative Contracts represent a contractual right or an obligation to purchase or sale specified securities at specified price; it has to be recognized on the date of the balance sheet at fair value in context of derivative contracts means the 'exit price', the price that would be paid to transfer a liability or the price that would be received transferring an asset to a counterpart on the date of the balance sheet. Derivatives that are intended for trading are recognized as derivation income in case of squared off position on or before date of the balance sheet and in case of open position of F&O, MTM position of respective derivative contract are reflected as current assets and liabilities.

All derivatives contracts are Marked to Market (MTM) on settlement date in case of out of money and same concept is adopted in case of unsquarred derivative contracts on reporting date.

Treatment on Acquistion / Disposal of Securities due to Derivative Contract-Normally if a security is acquired or disposed off due to exercise of derivative contract, both acquisition and disposal of securities are made from Stock in Trade Portfolio. In exceptional case if a securities is required to be dispose off due to execution of derivative contract and respective security is not available in Stock in Trade Portfolio, then respective security are dispose off from Investment Portfolio. Similarly if any security is acquired due to fulfillment of derivative contract, and respective share have potential to be held for long-term dividend and growth, than in specific case respective secutities are held in Investment Portfolio.

2.19 Financial/Non-financial Assets/Liability Written off

Financial/Non-financial Assets/Liabilities including Investments, Receivables, Payables, etc., are written off, only when it is in the opinion of the management that such assets have obsolete, damaged and uneconomical to use/sale and become Nil value or less value due to which it unable to recover/sale in the open market, or investee entity engage with any quasi judicial institution (NCLT, etc).



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 3: Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Balance with Banks (In Current Accounts)	144.79	902.41
Fixed Deposit (Through Sweep-out)	1,340.50	23.00
Total	1,485.29	925.41

Note	Vote 4 : Investments		(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated					
		Face		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	nt Investme			
	Particulars	Value	As at 31st N		As at 31st N			
	***************************************	(In Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount		
A. In	vestment at Cost							
i. Inv	vestment in Bonds				CHIP			
Un	quoted							
1	Transcon Iconica Pvt. Ltd. 16% NCD		2,785	27.85	2,785	27.85		
2	Marvel Promoters & Developers Pune Pvt. Ltd. 16% OCD	1	700,000	7.00	700,000	7.00		
3	Marvel Realtors & Developers Ltd.16% OCD	1	2,800,000	28.00	2,800,000	28.00		
4	16 Marvel Sigma Homes PVt. Ltd. OCD MD 14012017	1	1,400,000	14.00	1,400,000	14.00		
5	Mayurpankh Properties Pvt. Ltd. 20.4% NCD	100,000	75	75.00	75	75.00		
6	Ashiana Landcraft Realty Pvt Ltd	1,000	99,265	496.33	99,265	992.65		
-94	Andreas Constitution of the Constitution of th			648.18		1,144.50		
000000	vestment in Fully paid up Preference Shares equoted							
1	Mukand Limited		- 4	1 %	6,143	0.99		
	(0.01%, Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (CRPS)							
2	Sebacic India Ltd	10	6,250,000	625.00	6,250,000	625.00		
	(0.001%, (Cumulative Compulsarily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)			60000		9,000		
3	J. B. S. S. B.	10	291	20.01	145	9.97		
103	(0.001%, series A (Compulsarily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)			290%	100			
4	Zymrat Activewear Pvt Ltd	10	151	19.97				
	(0.01%, series A (Compulsarily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)							
-				664.98		635.96		



(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Face		Non-Curr	ent Investme	nts
Particulars	Value	As at 31st N	March, 2022	As at 31st March, 202	
	(In Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount
iii. Investment in Associates					
Unquoted					
Arvind Techno Engineers Pvt. Ltd.		67,426	2,597.91 2,597.91	53,274	1,887.48
			2,397.91		1,887,48
v. Investment in Debentures/Bonds					
Quoted					
1 Bank of Baroda Unsec NCSPZB III Tier I Bonds 8.99%	1,000,000	50	520.81		-
2 The Tata Motors Finance Ltd SR-B RR NCD Perpetual	500,000	100	500.00	100	500.00
3 The Tata Power Co. Ltd RR NCD Perpetual FV 11.4%	1,000,000	-		200	2,006.75
1500 ST 000 000 WEST TO ALL			1,020.81		2,506.75
vi.Investment in Fully paid up Preference Shares					
Quoted					
Zee Entertainment Enterprises Ltd.	2			27,051,376	470.90
(6% Cumulative Redeemable Non-Convertible .					
Preference Shares Rs. 4 each fully paid-up, 5th March,2022)					
49430740746825000439					470.90
Sub-total (A)			4,931.88		6,645.60



(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		Face	Non-Current Investments					
	Particulars	Value	As at 31st N	As at 31st March, 2022		March, 2021		
		(In Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount		
В.	Investment At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income							
i.	Investment in Fully paid Equity Shares Quoted							
1	Andhra Paper Ltd	10	- 2	20	12,350	27.05		
2	Andrew Yule & Company Ltd	2	68,500	13.84	68,500	13.53		
3	Bajaj Consumer Care Ltd	1	590,598	964.45	570,798	1,483.50		
4	Bajaj Holding Investment Ltd.	10	39,000	1,954.31	39,000	1,284.29		
5	Bank of India	10	555,000	254.47				
6	BEML Ltd.	10	1,266	23.03	1,266	15.90		
7	Birla Corporation Ltd	10	1	2	25,000	237.46		
8	Castrol India Ltd	5	497,807	502.54	497,807	623.75		
9	Coal India Limited	10	1,490,708	2,728.74	1,692,308	2,205.92		
10	Cochin Shipyard Ltd	10	4,050	11.92	4,050	15.20		
11	Engineers India Ltd.	5	814,887	521.94	814,887	627.46		
12	GAIL (India) Ltd	10	757,900	1,179.67	556,600	754.47		
13	General Insurance Corporation of India	5	7,600	8.65	7,600	15.15		
14	Hemisphere Properties India Limited	10	118,138	135.09	118,138	162.09		
15	Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd	10	6,470	17.43	6,470	15.17		
16	Indian Oil Corporation Ltd.	10	1,476,250	1,756.00	534,750	491.17		
17	Indian Railway Catering & Tourism Corporation Ltd	2	4,200	32.54	840	14.76		
18	Indian Railway Finance Corporation Ltd	10	2,627,135	563.52	2,627,135	601.61		
19	Indraprastha Gas Ltd.	2	3,133	11.69	3,133	16.05		
20	Ircon International Ltd	2	186,600	74.27	543,000	479.47		
21	ITC Ltd.	1	483,200	1,211.14	99,200	216.75		
22	Jyothy Laboratories Ltd	1	258,000	380.42	258,000	352.94		
23	Karur Vysya Bank Ltd.	2		27	- Separation - Control	45.07		
24	KIOCL Ltd	10	9,515	19.86	9,515	13.64		
25	Lic Housing Finance Ltd.	2	534,540	1,918.73	125,540	537.56		
26	MSTC Ltd	10	4,940	15.12	4,940	14.74		
27	NLC India Ltd	10	29,385	18.38	29,385	14.81		
28	NMDC Limited	1	708,300	1,151.34	277,500	375.60		
29	NTPC Ltd	10	498	0.67	274,098	292.05		
30	Oil & Natural Gas Corporation Limited	5	14,060	23.04	14,060	14.36		
31	Orient Paper & Ind.Ltd.	1		*	173,575	42.70		
32	(1)	10	9,527	20.65	7,145	15.41		
33		100	108,900	145.82				
34	PTC India Financial Services Limited	10	73,065	11.40	73,065	13.19		
	PTC India Ltd	10	20,430	16.80	20,430	15.88		



(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Face	Non-Current Investments				
Particulars	Value	As at 31st N	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 202	
	(In Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount	
36 REC Ltd	10	258,000	317.47			
37 Reliance Capital Ltd.	10	116,999	19.48	116,999	12.58	
38 RITES Ltd	10	738,403	1,938.31	1686.00		
39 Ruchira Papers Ltd	10			48,561	30.13	
40 SESHASAYEE PAPER & BOARDS LTD	2	1.0	1847	23,112	37.40	
41 Shreyansh Industries Ltd	10	-	1.0	35,355	35.83	
42 State Bank of India	1			63,000	229.51	
43 Steel Authority of India Ltd	10	20,665	20.37	20,665	16.28	
44 Sun TV Network Limited	5	109,900	538.35	119,600	562.48	
45 Tamilnadu Newsprint & Papers Ltd	10		393	21,900	31.88	
46 Tata Consultancy Services Ltd	1	34	1.27			
47 The New India Assurance Company Limited	5	9,990	11.15	9,990	15.42	
48 Tide Water Oil (India) Ltd.	2	1,700	18.89	340	14.70	
49 Union Bank of India	10	10,470	4.05	10,470	3.57	
50 Zee Entertainment Enterprises Ltd	1		-	1,445,009	2,936.26	
			18,557		14,975	
ii. Investment in Venture Capital Fund Unquoted						
1 Equanimity Venture Fund	100	109,877.29	181.46	90,000	91.51	
2 Grand Anicut Fund I	1,000	67,272.93	672.73	100,000	827.50	
3 Indgrowth Capital Fund I				620,282	665.27	
4 Indiareit Mumbai Redevelopment Fund		14.82	16.22	35	36.50	
5 Real Estate Credit Opportunities Fund -1		90.00	90.00	90	91.38	
6 YourNest India VC Fund II		841.89	199.26	400	103.25	
			1,159.66		1,815.41	
iii. Investment in Units of Mutual Funds Quoted						
1 DSP Ultra Short Fund - Regular Plan - Growth		2,530	70.56	343		
2 Icici Prudential Liquid Fund-Div (ICICI PMS)		-	-	27	0.03	
3 ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Fund-Growth		629,977	141.24			
4 DSP Arbitrage Fund - Reg - Growth		539,437	65.61	(e		
5 DSP MID CAP FUND - DIRECT PLAN GROWTH		32,212	29.92			
6 ICICI Prudential Technology Fund - Direct Plan (G)		17,706	31.08			
7 ICICI Prudential Value Discovery						
Fund-Direct Plan-Growth		11,180	30.61	39,568	81.83	
8 Kotak Gold ETF Fund		582,400	259.98	58,240	225.80	
			629.00		307.65	



(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Face	Non-Current Investments					
Particulars	Value	As at 31st !	As at 31st March, 2022		March, 2021		
	(In Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount		
iv. Investment in Equity							
Unquoted			- Same				
 Anniversary Investments & Agencies Ltd. 		20,000	24.66	20,000	24.66		
2 CP Infrabuild Pvt. Ltd.			-	1,000	0.03		
3 Harry Management Company Limited			-	22,350	106.05		
4 Semac Consultants Pvt. Ltd.		50	0.15	50	0.15		
5 Sebacic India Limited		6,944,444	162.32	6,944,444	162.32		
			187.13		293.21		
Sub-total (B)			20,532.58		17,391.04		
Total (A+B)			25,464,47		24,036.64		

Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments and market value thereof

20,206.61

Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments

5,257.86

Notes:

\$3,99,944 nos of shares of Coal India Ltd. lying as margin with JM Financials Services Ltd

\$\$3,00,000 no of shares of Bajaj Consumer care Ltd lying as margin with JM Financials Services Ltd

#2,50,000 no of shares of Indian Oil Corporation Limited lying as margin with Emkay Global Financial Services Limited.

##2,50,540 nos of shares of LIC housing finance lying as margin with Emkay Global Financial Services Limited.

###2,00,000 nos of shares of Bajaj Consumer care Ltd. lying as margin with Emkay Global Financial Services Limited.

*70,000 nos of shares of Bajaj Consumer care Ltd. Lying as margin with FRR

During the year realizable value of specific non-current investments have been partially/fully obsolete and having no scope to sale in open market. Hence company has written off such investments as here under:

- a. 50% value of original cost of investment in NCD of Ashiana Landcraft Realty Pvt. Ltd., has been written off due to investee company engage in with quasi judicial institution (viz. NCLT), it is probable that Company would be able to recover upto 50% originally invested value.
- Investment in quoted equity shares of Karur Vysya Bank Limited, so as to rectify inadvertently errors of previous year figure.
- c. Investment value in unquoted equity shares of C.P. Infrabuild Pvt. Ltd., as Investee Company had struck off in the previous financial year and nothing was received by the Company, pursuant such strike off.



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 5: Other financial assets

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Unsecured, Considered Good, Current		
Interest Accured but not due	55.22	139.05
Bills Receivables	293.06	295.56
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	380	0.02
Receivable from Broker	849.39	3.87
Dividend Receivable	0.53	37.14
Loans and Advances	1.63	1.46
Others Receivables	4.03	471.58
Total	1,203.84	948.66

Note 6: Inventories

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Stock in Trade	335.10	204.56
Total	335.10	204.56

Note 7: Tax liability

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Advance Income Tax and TDS		
Current year	331.80	
Earlier years	121.23	306.05
MAT Credit Entitlement	248.21	209.78
Total	701.24	515.83

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Provision for Income Tax	418.61	300.00
Total	418.61	300.00



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 8 : Deferred tax assets /(liabilities) (Net)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	Charged /(credit) during the year	As at 31st March, 2021	Charged/ (credit) during the year
Deferred tax assets on account of:				
 a) On differences between WDV of Fixed assets as per book balances and tax balances 	5.23	0.46	4.76	0.07
 b) On differences between fair value of investment as per book balances and tax balances 	- 1	2		(998.60)
c) on account of Losses Carry Forward	419.93	(54.60)	474.53	(198.52)
Total deferred tax assets	425.16	(54.14)	479.29	(1,197.06)
Deferred tax liabilities on account of:				
 a) On differences between WDV of Fixed assets as per book balances and tax balances 		· ·		
 b) On differences between fair value of investment as per book balances and tax balances 	380.70	(526.75)	907.45	907.45
c) on account of Losses Carry Forward				-
Total deferred tax (liabilities) / Asset	380.70	(526.75)	907.45	907.45
Total deferred tax (net)	44.46	472.61	(428.15)	(2,104.51)

Notes Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		Gross	Value		Amortisation				Net Value
Asset Category	Opening as on 01.04.21	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03,2022	Opening as on 01.04.21		Retirement/ Adjustments during the year		As on 31.03.2022
Flat in Bangalore (Altezza)	366.21	(4)		366.21	12.63	6.31	- 1	18,94	347.27
Flat in Bangalore (Altura)	324.63		V 2	324.63	11.19	5.60		16.79	307.84
Shops in DLF Jasola	1,129.25		4.0	1,129.25	44.28	22.14	-	66.43	1,062.82
Total	1,820.09	(14)	- 40	1,820.09	68.11	34.05		102.16	1,717.93

		Gross Value				Amortisation				
Asset Category	Opening as on 01.04.20	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03.2021	Opening as on 01.04.20	Depreciation during the Year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	Up to	As on 31.03.2021	
Flat in Bangalore (Altezza)	366.21	3.00	- 5	366.21	6.31	6.31	0.5	12.63	353.59	
Flat in Bangalore (Altura)	324.63			324.63	5.60	5.60		11.19	313.44	
Shops in DLF Jasola	1,129.25			1,129.25	22.14	22.14	5.00	44.28	1,084.97	
Total	1,820.09			1,820.09	34.05	34.05	0.00	68.11	1,751.99	



Note 9.1 The useful life of investment property (Building) is 60 years.

Note 9.2 The comapany has leased out it's investment propertis and the same has been classified as operating leases on account that there was no transfer of substantial risk and rewards incidental to ownership of the assets. Recognition of income and related expenses in profit and loss for investment properties are tabulated below:

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particular	Current year	Previous year
Rental Income	4.75	0.084
Profit from Investment properties before depreciation	4.75	0.084
Depreciation	34.05	34.05
Direct operating expenses	8.99	4.47
Profit/(Loss) from Investment property	38.29	-38.44

Note 9.3 Amount recognised in profit and loss account in respect to investment property.

Particular	Amount
Rental income from investment property	4.75
Direct operating expenses that generate rental income during the period	0.31
Direct operating expenses did not generate rental income during the period	8.68

Note 9.4 It is contractual obligation to pay for the repairs and maintenance expenses incurred by DLF TOWER B JASOLA CONDOMINIUM ASSOCIATION.

Note 9.5 In accordance with the significant policy of Investment property (Note no. 2.16), in current year fair value has not been recognaised and valued at cost.

Notes Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		Gross Value				Depreciaiton	/ Amortisatio	n	Net Value
Asset Category	Opening as on 01.04.21	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03,2022	Opening as on 01.04.21		Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	U 17 100 1	As on 31.03.2022
Buildings	624.12		1 2	624.12	59.31	27.51	- 2	86.82	537.30
Office Equipments	1.25	0.40	2	1.64	0.73	0.21	12	0.95	0.69
Vehicles	39.63			39.63	20.89	5.85		26.74	12.89
Computer	0.05	2	- 2	0.05			-	-	0.05
Total	665.05	0.40	-	665.44	80.94	33.57	2	114.51	550.93

Note 10 : Property, Plant & Equipment

	Gross Value				Amortisation				Net Value
Asset Category	Opening as on 01.04.20	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03.2021	Opening as on 01.04.20	Depreciation during the Year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	UD 10 1	As on 31.03.2021
Buildings	624.12	*	*	624.12	30.40	28.92		59.31	564.81
Office Equipments	1.15	0.10	-	1.25	0.44	0.30		0.73	0.51
Vehicles	61.17	92	21.55	39.63	19.11	11.36	9.58	20.89	18.74
Computer	1.01	- 8	0.96	0.05	0.63	0.13	0.76	-	0.05
Total	687.45	0.10	22.50	665.05	50.57	40.70	10.34	80.94	584.11

a) There is a contractual obligation against acquisition of property, for which INR 32.75 lakhs paid as an advance.

Notes Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 11 : Intangible assets									
2007		Gross	Value	Amortisation				Net Value	
Asset Category	Opening as on 01.04.21	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03.2022	Opening as on 01.04.21	Depreciation during the Year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year		As on 31.03.2022
Software	0.17	-	2	0.17		12	2	-	0.17
Total	0.17	-		0.17	-		- 2		0.17

Note:- Intangible assets (Software) is now showing at it's residual value.

		Gross Value					Amortisation			
Asset Category	Opening as on 01.04.20	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03.2021	Opening as on 01.04.20	Depreciation during the Year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year		As on 31.03.2021	
Software	0.17			0.17	-		-	-	0.17	
Total	0.17	-	_	0.17	-	- 3	20	-	0.17	

a) The Company has elected to measure the intangible assets at their previous GAAP carrying value on the date of transition to Ind AS. The Gross Block and Accumulated Depreciation as on the date of transition to Ind AS was Rs. 2.64 lacs and Rs. 2.47 lacs respectively.



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 12: Other Non Financial Assets

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Capital Advances*	32.75	32.75
Security Deposits	25.13	30.16
Prepaid Expenses	2.45	5.16
Total	60.33	68.07

Advance paid against purchase of properties.

Note 13: Derivative Liability

Disclosure on Derivatives

- (i) Forward rate agreement/interest rate swap
 - The Company has not entered in forward rate agreement during the current and previous year
- (ii) Currency rate Derivatives
 - The company has not traded in currency rate derivatives during the current and previous year.
 - The Company has not traded in exchange traded interest rate derivative during the current and previous year
- (iv) Credit rate Derivatives
 - The Company has not traded in credit rate derivative during the current and previous year

(v) Equity linked derivatives

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	A	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03,2021		
ranticulate	Notional amounts	Fair value assets	Fair value liabilities	Notional amounts	Fair value assets	Fair value liabilities
Equity Linked Derivatives	62.62		58.35	13.13		13.13
Total Derivatives	62.62	- 80	58.35	13,13	•	13.13

- (vi) Disclosures on risk exposure in derivatives:-
 - Securitization/assignment
- Outstanding amount of securitised assets as per books of the SPVs
 - The Company has not entered into securitisation transactions during the current and previous year.
- (ii) Details of financial assets sold to reconstruction company
 - The Company has not sold any financial asset to reconstruction company.
- (iii) Details of assignment transactions undertaken

The Company has not entered into assignment transactions during the current and previous year.

(Forward Rate Agreement/Interest Rate Swap/Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives)



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 14: Borrowings (other than Debt securities)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Borrowings within India at amortised cost		
Loan from Director	700.00	700.00
Total	700.00	700.00

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Nature of Security and Terms of Repayment

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.
Loans and advances from related parties		
Unsecured Debt: Demand Loan	700.00	700.00

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 15: Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Salaries and wages payable	0.08	1.37
Security Deposits	2.90	-
Expenses Payable	8.92	28.27
Total	11.90	29.65

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 16: Non Financial Liabilties

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Statutory Dues	3.66	2.60
Total	3.66	2.60



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 17: Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31st Mar	ch, 2022	As at 31st Ma	As at 31st March, 2021	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount	
Authorised	- 11				
1,08,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	10,850,000	1,085.00	10,850,000	1,085.00	
8 % Non Cumulative Preference shares of Rs.10 each	14,150,000	1,415.00	14,150,000	1,415.00	
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up:					
36,91,379 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- Each (Fully paid)	3,691,379	369.14	3,691,379	369.14	
Total		369.14		369.14	

The Company has one class of equity share having a par value of ₹ 10/- per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

For the period of five years immediately preceding the date as at which the Balance Sheet is prepared:

- Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash was NIL.
- ii.) Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares was NIL.
- iii) Aggregate number and class of shares bought back was NIL

Reconciliation of Shares Issued

As no fresh issue of shares or reduction in capital was made during the current year as well as during the previous period, hence there is no change in the opening and closing capital. Accordingly, reconciliation of share capital has not been given.

Top shareholders holding more than 5%

Particulars	As at 31	lst March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	
	No. of Shares	Percentage (%) of holding	No. of Shares	Percentage (%) of holding
Shree Hari Parivaar Trust	1,510,579	40.92	1,510,579	40.92
Syt. Ajai Hari Dalmia	524,447	14.21	524,447	14.21
"M/s Raghu Trading & Investment Company Private Limited"	503,283	13.63	503,283	13.63
M/s Global Agencies Private Limited	372,907	10.10	372,907	10.10
Chaitanya Parivar Trust	312,000	8.45	312,000	8.45
Total	3,223,216	87.32	3,223,216	87.32

28091900000	As at Mar 31, 2022		As at Mar 31, 2021			
Particulars	No. of shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	No. of shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Syt. Ajai Hari Dalmia	524,447	14.21	-	524,447	14.21	14.21
Shree Hari Parivaar Trust	1,510,579	40.92	83	1,510,579	40.92	2077
Total	2,035,026	55.13	-	2,035,026	55.13	14.21

There is no change in promoter shareholding during the financial year 2021-22.



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 19: Other income

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Net Gain / (loss) on sale of investments	627.69	902.24
Income from Discounting of Bills (net)	-	7.65
Profit on sale of fixed assets		3.00
Interest Income	34.74	1.20
Profit On Speculation		(4.64)
Balance Written off Income	24.74	- 0.74
Rental Income	1.20	
Parking Space Leasing Income	3.55	0.08
Total	691.91	910.27

Note 20: Changes in Inventories of Stock in Trade

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Opening Stocks	204,56	
Total (A)	204.56	
Closing Stock		
Stock in Trade	335.10	204.56
Total (B)	335.10	204.56
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories (A - B)	(130.54)	(204.56)

Note 21: Employee benefits expenses

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Managerial Remuneration	6.00	6.00
Salary & Stipends	15.98	32.41
Medical Expenses	1.48	0.39
Staff welfare expenses	1.62	1.42
Total	25.09	40.22



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note: 22 Other Administrative Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Administrative & Other Miscellaneous Expenses	19.96	17.07
Book Keeping & Accounting Charges	5.38	2.24
Balance Written Off	0.48	0.58
Investments Written Off	541.43	- 3
Commission Paid	9	0.47
Depository Charges	1.42	1.65
Insurance	1.56	2.02
Security Transaction Tax	5.12	1.66
CSR & Donations	9.66	8.24
Legal & Professional Charges	91.70	81.50
Audit Fees (Refer Note : 22.1)	2.50	2.36
Rates, Fee & Taxes	1.26	2.18
Rental Expenses	13.23	12.40
Maintenance Charges	17.68	12.39
Travelling Expenses	4.45	0.83
Miscellaneous Expenses	6.35	2.54
Interest on TDS		0.07
Bank Charges	0.05	0.03
Redemption expenses	16.24	
Total	738.47	148.22

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note: 22.1 Auditors' Remuneration paid / payable for the year

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	
Statutory Audit fee	2.07	2.07	
Tax Audit fee	0.30	0.30	
GST Audit Fee	0.14		
Total	2.50	2.36	

Note 23: Depreciation and amortisation

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer Note 10)	33.57	40.70	
Amortisation of investment in property (Refer Note 9)	34.05	34.05	
Total	67.63	74.76	



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 24: Earning per share

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	3,691,379	3,691,379
Profit after tax available for shareholders	2,809.33	2,779.48
Basic & diluted earning per share	76.11	75.30
Nominal value per share	10.00	10.00

Note 25: Effective Tax Reconciliation

Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit as per Ind AS 12:

Income Tax Expenses

This note provides an analysis of the Company's income tax expenses that how the tax expenses is affected by nonassessable and not-deductible items:

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Income Tax Expenses		
Current tax for the year	418.61	(300.00)
MAT Credit	104.19	(31.00)
Adjustment for tax of prior period	(98.72)	19.93
Total current expenses	424.07	(311.07)
Deferred tax		
Increase/ (Decrease) in deferred tax assets	(54.14)	(1,197.06)
(Increase)/ Decrease in deferred tax liabilities		
Total deferred tax Income/(Expenses)	(54.14)	(1,197.06)
Other Comprehensive Income		
Tax expense on Re-measurement gains/(Losses) on fair value of investments	(526.75)	907.45
Total tax on Other Comprehensive Income	(526.75)	907.45

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 26: Change in fair value of financial instruments

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Change in Fair Value of Equity Instruments (quoted)	1,084.71	3,261.02
Change in Fair Value of Equity Instruments (un-quoted)		(14.18)
Change in Fair Value of Mutual Funds	37.91	37.57
Change in Fair Value of Venture Capital	146.29	345.38
Total	1,268.92	3,629.79



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 27 : Disclosure required pursuant to Ind AS-36 "Impairment of assets"

The Company has carried out impairment test on its fixed assets as on the date of Balance Sheet and the Management is of the opinion that there is no asset for which provision for impairment is required to be made as per Ind AS-36 Impairment of Assets.

Note 28: Financial Risk Management objectives and policies

The Company's business activities exposed to a variety of financial risk viz., market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial risk and to address the issue to minimize the potential adverse effects of its financial performance.

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the company's management.

Marketrisk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Such changes in the values of financial instruments may result from changes in the foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, credit, liquidity and other market changes.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, loans, investments and other financial assets.

At each reporting date, the Company measures loss allowance for certain class of financial assets based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the Company operates.

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers primarily located in India. Credit risk has always been managed by the Company through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company uses expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss or gain. The Company uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and unbilled revenues. The provision matrix takes into account available external and internal credit risk factors such as credit default swap quotes, credit ratings from international credit rating agencies and the Company's historical experience for customers.

Provision for expected credit losses

The Company measures Expected Credit Loss (ECL) for financial instruments based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the Company operates

For financial assets, a credit loss is the difference between:

- (a) the contractual cash flows that are due to an entity under the contract; and
- (b) the cash flows that the entity expects to receive

The Company recognizes in profit or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date in accordance with Ind AS 109.

In determination of the allowances for credit losses on trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedience by computing the expected credit losses based on ageing matrix, which has taken into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward looking information. The Company also makes general provision for life time expected credit loss based on it previous experience of write off in previous years.



(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(ii) The movement of Trade Receivables are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Bills Receivables (Gross)		
Less: Expected Credit Loss		
Trade Receivables (Net)		
The movement of Expected credit loss are as follows:		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Opening balance		
Add: Provision made during the year		
Less: Reversal / utilised during the year		
Closing balance		

Notes

Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Financial Instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk arising from investments and balances with banks is limited because the counter parties are banks and recognised companies and approved funds managed by professionals fund managers with high credit worthiness. The Company considers factors such as track record, size of the institution, market reputation and service standards to select the banks with which balances and deposits are maintained. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties. The maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet is Rs. 1,206.26 Lakhs as at 31.03.2022 and Rs. 953.8 Lakhs as at 31.03.2021, which is the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial investments and financial assets (i.e. trade receivables, other financial assets) and projected cash flows from operations.

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and the cash flow that is generated from operations. The Company believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its current requirements. At the end of the reporting period the company held margin money in securities of Rs. 2,629.63 lakhs (as on 31.03.20 Rs. 1881.15 lakhs) that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, company treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

As at March 31, 2022, the Company had a working capital of 2931.09 Lakhs including cash and cash equivalents of 1,486.64 Lakhs. As at March 31, 2021, the Company had a working capital of 1,554.23 Lakhs including cash and cash equivalents of 924.41 Lakhs. Accordingly, no liquity risk is perceived.

Note 29: Corporate Social Responsibility

As per section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2021 as amended, the Company is required to spent for CSR activities in accordance with its CSR policy. The details of the CSR expenses for the year are as under:



(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

-7	-	(Au amounts in Clashs, t	imess other	wise state
a)		ss amount required to be spend by the Company during the year	4.00	7.08
b)	Am	ount spend during the year		2200
	1)	Construction/acquisition of any assets		
	ii)	On purpose other than (i) above*		
		- Contribution to various Trust/NGOs/Soceity/Agencies and utilisation thereon	4.60	8.24
		- Expenditure on administrative overheads for CSR	7.62235	03,797.5
	TOT	TAL	4.60	8.24
C)	Shor	rtfall at the end of the year		0
d)	Tota	d of previous years shortfall	-	0
e)	Reas	son for shortfall		0
n)	Deta	alls of related party transctions, contribution to a trust controlled by the apany in relation to CSR expenditure trust	3	0
g)	Nati	are of CSR activities undertaken by the Company are in relation to:		S .
	i)	Employment enhancing vocational skills, tranning for women	1.76	0
	ii)	Contribution towrards Prime Minister's National Relief Fund		
		Rural development and enhancement	2.84	0
h)	Exce	ss Spend during the year	0.60	

As per companies (Corporate Social Responsibility policy) Amedment rules, 2021 prospectively eff from 22nd January, 2021, companies are allowed to set off the excess CSR spend amount if any upto immediately succeeding 3 years.

Note 30: Expenditure in Foreign currency

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Expesses incurred outside India		
Travelling expenses		5.15



Note 31: Related Party Disclosure

Pursuant to Ind AS-24 "Related Party Disclosures", following parties are to be treated as related parties:

(a) Where control exists/significant influence:

Name of the Related party

Nature of Relationship

M.s Arvind Techno Engineers Pvt. Ltd.

Enterprise over which Company has significant influence

(b) Entities over which key managerial personnel is able to exercise significant influence:

Name of the Related party

M/s Renaissance Asset Management Co.(P) Ltd

Shri Finance

3. Renaissance Consultancy Services Ltd.

Sohna Agri Farms Pvt. Ltd.

(c) Key managerial personnel

Syt... Ajai Hari Dalmia

Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia

Mr. Vasu Modi

Mr. Puneet Verma

Smt. Puja Dalmia Syt. Gaur Hari Dalmia

d) Group Company

Shree Hari Pariyaar Trust

Nature of Relationship

- Director

- Director

- Director

- Key Managerial personal

- Relative of Director

- Relative of Director

Nature of Relationship

has control or joint control over the reporting entity

Details of transactions with the related parties

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Where control exists		Entities over which key managerial personnel is able to exercise significant influence		Key managerial personnel		Group Company	
Transaction during the year	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
Salary/stipend Rent	9,59	-		-	11.46			
Loan Taken Short Term Loans From Director	-		*:	÷	195	700.00		

Balance end of the year

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Particulars	w	here cont exists	rol	Entities over which key managerial personnel is able to exercise significant influence			Key managerial personnel			
	31st)	March 1st April		31st March		31st)	31st March April		31st	March	1st April
	2022	2021	2020	2022	2021	2020	2022	2021	2020		
Balance Payable		(2)	15	-					543		



Note 32: Financial instruments

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Notes	31	st March, 20	22	3	1st March,	2021
		FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortized Cost	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortized Cost
Financial Assets							
Investment							
Equity Shares (Quoted)	4	3	18,556.79			14,974.76	
Mutual funds (Quoted)	4	4	629.00		- 3	307.65	
Venture Capital funds (UnQuoted)	4	- 2	1,159.66	8		1,815.41	- ×
Equity Shares (Un Quoted)	4	-	187.13	1, 8		293.21	1.
Bonds (Unquoted)	4			648.18			1,144.50
Bonds (Quoted)	4	-	97	1,020.81			2,506.75
Preference Shares (Unquoted)	4	-	***	664.98			635.96
Preference Shares (Quoted)	4	2	2	-			470.90
Equity Shares (Associate)	4	ু	20	2,597.91			1,887.48
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	<u> </u>	- 23	1,485.29			925.41
Other Financial Assets	5		1.00	1,203.84			948.66
Total Financial Assets			20,532.58	7,621.02		17,391.04	8,519.67
Financial Liabilities							Gjozzier
Derivatives	13	-	58.35		- 4	13.13	
Borrowings	14	- 2		700.00		-	700.00
Other Financial Liabilities	15			11.90			29.65
Total Financial liabilities	177		58.35	711.90		13.13	729.65

Fair Value Hierarchy

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

"Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)"

Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

Fair Value Techniques:

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- Fair value of cash and short term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables, current loans, other financial assets, and other financial liabilities approximate to their carrying amount largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.
- b) Long term fixed rate and variable rate receivables are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rate, specific country risk factors, credit risk and other risk characteristics. Fair value of variable interest rate borrowings approximates their carrying values.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of Company's asset and liabilities grouped into Level 3 as described below:



i) Financial assets and liabilities are measured at-recurring fair value measurement

As at March 31, 2022

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Level 1	Level2	Level 3	Total
Asstes measured at fair value through OCI					
Investment in:					
Equity Shares	4	18,556.79	187.13	-	18,743.92
Mutual funds	4	629.00		140	629.00
Venture Capital funds	4	-	1,159.66		1,159.66
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		19,185.79	1,346.79	4	20,532.58
Liabilities measured at fair value through OCI					
Derivative financial instruments:					
Equity Linked	13	58.35			58.35
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		58.35			58.35
As at March 31, 2021					
Particulars	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Asstes measured at fair value through OCI					
Investment in:					
Equity Shares	4	14,974.76	293.21		15,267.97
Mutual funds	4	307.65		*	307.65
Venture Capital funds	4	*	1,815.41	(+	1,815.41
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		15,282.41	2,108.63	-	17,391.04
Liabilities measured at fair value through OCI					
Derivative financial instruments:					
Equity Linked	13	13.13	-	- 4	13.13
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		13.13	- 2		13.13

During the year ended 31.03.2022 and 31.03.2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements and no transfer into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.



(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 33: Disclosure in realtion of struk off company

Name of a Struck off	Nature off Transaction with	Balance	Realtionship with the
Company	the Struck off Company	Outstanding	Struck off Company
C P Infrabuild Pvt. Ltd.	Other Outstanding Balance (Investment in security)		Investment in Security

Note 34: Key Rat	tios
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(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

unts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise st	7 Lakhs, ur	(All amounts in					
led 31 Vari	Variance	For the year ended 31 March, 2021	For the year ended 31 March, 2022	Particulars			
akhs In % Rs. In L	In %	Rs. In Lakhs	Rs. In Lakhs				
NA NA	NA	NA.	NA	Current Ratio	(a)		
0.03 -9.25	-9.25	0.03	0.02	Debt-Equity Ratio	(b)		
00.00		700.00	700.00	- Total Debt			
61.91		27,561.91	30,371.24	- Shareholders Equity			
2.34 4.91 Due to declir Proft before	-4.91	2.34	2.23	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	(c)		
		1,640.03	1559.50	- Earnings available for debt service			
90.00		700.00	700.00	- Debt Service			
7.53 1.07	1.07	7.53	7.61	Return on Equity Ratio	d)		
79.48		2,779.48	2,809.33	 Net Profits after taxes - Preference Dividend (if any) 			
69.14		369.14	369.14	 Average Shareholder's Equity 			
4.41 529.75 Due to incr	529.75	4.41	27.78	Inventory turnover ratio	e)		
		464.20	2,425.79	- Cost of Goods Sold or Sales	33		
05.21		105.21	87.31	- Average inventory	3		
NA NA	NA	NA	NA	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	f)		
NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	Trade payables turnover ratio	g)		
NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	Net capital turnover ratio,	h)		
0.70 -54.34 Due to declin Proft before	-54.34	0.70	0.32	Net profit ratio	1)		
65.27		1,565.27	1,491.88	- Net profit			
30.07		2,230.07	4,655.21	- Net Sales	_ 8		
4.24 -4.69 Due to declin Proft before	-4.69	4.24	4.04	Return on Capital employed)		
65.27		1,565.27	1,491.88	- Earnings Before Interest and tax			
69.14		369.14	369.14	- Capital employed	3		
0.15 3,242.50 Due to Increas deferred tax as	3,242.50	0.15	5.17	Return on investment			
57.14		57.14	1,909.93	Profir After Tax			
59.14		369.14	369.14	Investments	.3		



(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 35: Capital Ratios

An illustrative format for this disclosure is given below:

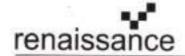
Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% Variance	Reason for variance (if above 25%)
Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)	Capital (Tier I + Tier II)	Risk weighted assets	1.05	1.00	5.16	NA
Tier I CRAR	Equity share capital+General reserve+Retained earning	Risk weighted assets	0.63	0.67	-5.10	NA
Tier II CRAR	0.45 (Capital redemption reserve + change in fair value of investment)	Risk weighted assets	0.11	0.09	19.30	Due to FV effect on transition.
Liquidity Coverage Ratio.	Cash and cash Equivalents	Average outflow	0.65	0.38	70.62	Due to more investment in liquid funds.

Note 36: Other Disclosures

- There is no income which is required to be recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessement under Income Tax Act, 1961.
- The company has not been decalred as willful defaulter by any Bank or Financial Institutions.
- 3) The company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.
- 4) Tere is no proceeding ehich have been initiated or pending agisnt the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transaction (prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- As on Balance Sheet date, the company has no contingent liability and capital commitments.

Note 37:

Previous year figures have been rearranged / regrouped wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification disclosure



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Avalokiteshvar Valiny Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Avalokiteshvar Valinv Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of changes in equity and the statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act, and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Board's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact with those charge with the governance.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that



are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our
 opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the
 audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast
 significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the
 financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the
 audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
 Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in

(i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and



(ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For B R Maheswari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath Partner Membership No.082700

UDIN: 22082700AUOAME1387

Place: New Delhi Date: August 12, 2022



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and Companies [Indian Accounting Standards] Rules, 2015.
 - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure 'A'.
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no managerial remuneration has been paid or provided by the Company to its directors during the year.
 - (h) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - The Company did not have any long term contracts including any derivative contracts for which there
 were any material foreseeable losses;
 - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and



- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure 'B' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For B R Maheswari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath Partner Membership No.082700

UDIN: 22082700AUOAME1387

Place: New Delhi Date: August 12, 2022



Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1(f) under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Avalokiteshvar Valinv Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Financial statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For B R Maheswari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath

Partner

Membership No: 082700

UDIN: 22082700AUOAME1387

Place: New Delhi Date: August 12, 2022



Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order" / "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements.

For B R Maheswari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath

Partner

Membership No: 082700

UDIN: 22082700AUOAME1387

Place: New Delhi Date: August 12, 2022

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022	(All am	ounts in 7 Lakhs, unl	ess otherwise state
Particulars	Note	As at March	As at March
	No.	31, 2022	31, 2021
Assets			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,485.29	925.41
Investments	4	25,905.42	24,012.10
Other financial assets	5	1,203.84	948,66
Non-financial assets			
Inventories	6	335.10	204.56
Current tax assets (net)	7	701.24	515.83
Deferred tax assets (net)	8	44.46	
Investment Property	9	1,717.93	1,751.99
Property, plant and equipment	10	550.93	584.11
Intangible assets	11	0.17	0.17
Other non-financial assets	12	60.33	68.07
Total assets		32,004.71	29,010.90
Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Derivative Liability	13	58.35	13.13
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	14	200.00	700.00
Other financial liabilities	15	11.90	29.65
Non-financial liabilities			
Current tax liabilities (net)	7	418.61	300.00
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	8	5+0	428.15
Other non-financial liabilities	16	3.66	2.60
Total liabilities		1,192.52	1,473.53
- Ph			
Equity	11 mag	20-00-00	
Equity share capital	17	369.14	369.14
Other equity	18	30,443.05	27,168.23
Total equity		30,812.19	27,537.37
Total liabilities and equity		32,004.71	29,010.90

Companies overview, significant accounting policies and notes to standalone financial statements, Note 1-38. This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For B .R. Maheswari & Co LLP

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Reg. No.001035N/N500050

Sanjay Nath Partner Membership No.82700

A.H. Dalmia Director DIN: 00225963 Chaitanya Dalmia Director DIN: 00028402

Place: New Delhi Date: 12/08/2022

Puneet Verma Company Secretary M.No.: 46132

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022		4,100	amounts in ₹ Lakhs ss otherwise stated)
	Note	For the	For the
Particulars	No.	year ended	year ended
Income			
Revenue from operations			
Sale of Shares		2,425.79	464.20
Dividend Income		1,213.05	372.06
Interest Income		221.89	180.33
Futures and Options		102.57	303.19
Total revenue from operations		3,963.29	1,319.80
Other income	19	691.91	910.27
Total income		4,655.21	2,230.07
Expenses			
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade		2,462.68	606.16
Changes in Inventories of Stock in Trade	20	(130.54)	(204.56)
Employee benefits expenses	21	25.09	40.22
Depreciation and Amortisation	23	67.63	74.76
Other administrative expenses	22	738.47	148.22
Total expenses	150	3,163.33	664.80
Profit/ (loss) before tax		1,491.88	1,565.27
0.0 D.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1		1,491.00	1,500.25
l'ax expense:	95	410 /1	200.00
(i) Current tax	25	418.61	300.00
(ii) Tax adjustment relating to earlier year		(98.72)	(19.93)
(iii) Deferred tax (credit) (net)	25	(842.12)	1,197.06
(iv) MAT Credit	25	104.19	31.00
l'otal tax expense		(418.05)	1,508.13
Add: Share of Net Profit/(Loss) in Associates Accounted	d		
Using Equity Method		470.03	(11.19)
Profit/ (loss) after tax		2,379.96	45.95
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)		-	-
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Add/(Less) Change in fair value of financial instrument	ts 26	1,268.92	3,629.79
income tax impact on above	1775	369.51	907.45
Sub Total (A)		899.41	2,722.34
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)		077.44	and the same
tems that will be reclassified to profit or loss:			
	er.		
Add/(Less) Change in fair value of financial instrument	19		
Income tax impact on above			1000
Sub Total (B)	6.181	000.41	2 822 24
Other comprehensive Income for the Year (net of tax)		899.41	2,722.34
Add: Share of Other Comprensive Income in Associates		44.50	m.co.
Accounted Using Equity Method		(4.54)	(8.64)
Total comprehensive Income for the year		3,274.82	2,759.65
Earnings per equity share			
Basic (Rs.)	24	88.72	74.76
Diluted (Rs.)	24	88.72	74.76
Significant accounting policies and notes to standalone			
This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in ou For B.R. Maheswari & Co LLP		d on behalf of the Bo	and of Directors
	Por an	on behalf of the bo	ard of Directors
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Reg. No.001035N/N500050			
	A.H. Dalmia		haitanya Dalmia
Partner	Director	1/1/2	Director
\$40.00 (ACC) ACC A	IN: 00225963		DIN: 00028402
			Puneet Verma
Place: New Delhi		C	ompany Secretary
Date: 12/08/2022			M.No.: 46132

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022		l amounts in ₹ Lakhs ess otherwise stated)
Particulars	year ended	year ended
	31, March 2022	31, March 2021
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		100
Profit before tax for the year	1,491.88	1,565.27
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash provided b	y operating activities:	To
Balance Writtenoff	541.91	0.58
Depreciation and Amortisation	67.63	74.76
Profit/Loss on sale of Property plant and Equipments		-3.00
Net Gain/loss on Sale of Investment	-627.69	-902.24
Profit & Loss on Speculation		4.64
Interest Income other than Investments	-34.74	-80.49
Rental Income	-4.75	-0.08
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,434.24	659.44
Changes in Working Capital		
Adjustments for (increase)/decrease in operating assets:		
Inventories	-130.54	-204.56
Other Financial assets	-255.19	717.56
Other Non Financial assets	7.74	2.49
Deferred Tax	369.51	907.45
Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:	777	2007100
Other Financial Liabilities	-17.75	20.88
Other Non Financial Liabilities	1.06	1.23
Derivative Liability	45.22	13.13
Cash generated from operations	300	10110
Change in Tax	-490.87	-47.50
Net Cash from operating activities	963.44	2,070.12
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	20.2789	Equito.LE
Sale on Speculation		-4.64
Interest Income other than Investments	34.74	80.49
Rental Income	4.75	0.08
Sale of Property Plant and Equipments	4.75	15.07
Purchase of Property Plant and Equipments	-0.40	15.07
Sale of Investments	9,893.86	21,368.15
Purchase of Investments	-10,361.05	-23,220.26
Net Cash from/ (used) in investment activities	-428.09	-1,761.12
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-120.09	-1,/01.12
Loan taken	1 THE STREET	93
Net Cash (used) / from financing activities	-	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	535.34	309.00
Opening balance of Cash and cash equivalents	949.95	640.95
Closing balance of Cash and cash equivalents	1,485,29	949.95

The above Cash Flow statement is prepared as per "Indirect method" specified in Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows", (A) This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date

For B.R. Maheswari & Co LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Reg. No.001035N/N500050 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Nath Partner Membership No.82700

Place: New Delhi Date: 12/08/2022 A.H. Dalmia Director DIN: 00225963 Chaitanya Dalmia Director DIN: 00028402

Puneet Verma Company Secretary M.No.: 46132

	10 TO	Other equity*		to be seen		Here S			
	Equity share	Reserves and surplus				income	Total	Total	
Particulars	Capital	Securities premium	Capital Redem- ption Reserve	General Reserve	Statutory reserve (As per RBI Regulation)	Retained earnings	Change in fair value of financial instruments	equity	equity
Balances as at March 31, 2020 Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior	369.14		902.58	66.57	6,686.62	17,906.97	-1,154.15	24,408.58	24,777.72
period errors Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors Restated balance at the beginning of the year Profit for the year	369.14		902.58	66.57	6,686.62	17,906.97 45.95	-1,154.15 2,722.34	24,408.58 45.95 2,722	24,777.72 46 2,722
Fair value changes of financial Instruments		-	-		-	45.95	2,722.34	2,768.29	2,768.29
Total comprehensive income for the year	17	-			-	43.33	2412258	Apr donas	-
Transfer to special reserve Transfer to statutory reserve				1 89	11.43	-11.43		-	
Reclassification of gain on sale of financial instruments classified as fair value through OC Share of OCI from Associate Company	8		1			-	-8.64	-8.64	8.64
Others					-	-	-	*	-
Balances as at March 31, 2021	369.14		902.58	66.57	6,698.04	17,941.49	1,559.55	27,168.23	27,537.37
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors Restated balance at the beginning of the year Profit for the year	369.14		902.58	66.57	6,698.04	17,941.49 2,380	1,559.55 899.41	27,168.23 2,379.96 899.41	27,537.37 2,380 899
Fair value changes of financial Instruments		+			-	-	899.41	3,279.36	36.67
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-		977.94	3942 9130	alpair state
Transfer to special reserve Transfer to statutory reserve	-				381.99	-381.99		1	
Reclassification of gain on sale of financial instruments classified as fair value through OC		1 8	1.0	-		279.84	-279.84	S	
Adjustments of reclassification of gain on sale of financial instruments classified as fair value through OC of prior years						1.16	-1.16 -4.54	-4.54	4.54
Share of OCI from Associate Company Others		2	-		79				
Balances as at March 31, 2022	369.14		902.58	66.57	7,080.03	17,840.50	2,173.41	30,443.05	30,812.19

^{*} Rs. 570 lakh (Previous Year: Rs. 11.43 lakh) has been transferred to Reserve Fund as prescribed by section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, being 20% of the profit after taxes for the year ended March 31, 2021. This is the Statement of Change in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For B. R. Maheswari & Co LLP

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Reg. No.001035N/N500050

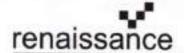
Sanjay Nath

Partner Membership No.82700

Place: New Delhi Date: 12/08/2022 A.H. Dalmia Director DIN: 00225963 W/H 2020

Chaitanya Dalmia Director DIN: 00028402

Puneet Verma Company Secretary M.No.: 46132



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

1 COMPANY OVERVIEW

"Avalokiteshvar Valinv Limited ('the Company' or 'AVL') is a Limited Company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India in April, 1974. The Registered Office of the Company is situated at Delhi, India."

The company is primarily engaged in investment in capital as well as money market instruments including but not limited to Equity and Equity-oriented securities, futures & Options, NCDs, Mutual Funds etc. Over a period of time company has diversified and balanced its portfolio by investing in various quoted and unquoted securities and with a motive for better growth as well as better returns while keeping in mind the measure for mitigating risks involve in capital markets. Company is also availing the services of various Portfolio Managemet Services.

These financial statements are approved and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company in board meeting dated August 12th, 2022

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This Note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a. The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

Amounts for the years ended March 31, 2022 and as at March 31, 2021 were audited by previous auditors – BR Maheswari & Co LLP.

- b. These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following:-
 - Certain Financial Assets and liabilities measured at fair value. (Refer Note -4)

2.2 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

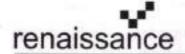
These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) which is also the Company's functional currency and all amount are rounded to the nearest lakhs and two decimals thereof, except as stated otherwise.

2.3 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported account of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are known or materialized.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting year. Although these estimates



are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are known or materialised.

2.4 REVENUERECOGNITION

a. REVENUE FROM OPREATIONS

Revenue is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable. Revenues are recognized when collectability of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured.

Dividend income is recognised when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

b. OTHERSTTEMS OF REVENUE

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the entity and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accured on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and the effective rate applicable which is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial assets to that assets' net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Other items like extra items claim, insurance claims, any receipts on account of pending income tax and GST, where quantum of accruals cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty, are recognized as income only when revenue is virtually certain which generally coincides with receipts.

Premium received on Future & Options (F&O) is recognized as income/loss on settlement date except where such transactions have been squared off before settlement date. In case of open F&O transactions are squared off before settlement/expiry date, income/loss is recognized on date of square off.

2.5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, Plant and Equipment assets are carried at cost net of tax / duty credit availed less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

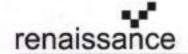
An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its recoverable amount.

Property, Plant and Equipment are eliminated from the financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use.

Gain and losses on disposal or retirement of assets are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation is provided using the written down value method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values on the basis of useful life of the assets. Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Nature of Asset	Estimated useful lives
Buildings	60 years
Computers	3 years
Vehicles	8 years
Office Equipments	5 years



The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at end of each financial year and any changes there-in are considered as change in estimate and accounted prospectively.

2.6 INTANGIBLE ASSESTS (OTHER THAN GOODWILL)

"Intangible assets (Computer Software) are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impaired loss, if any. Computer Software for internal use which is primarily acquired is capitalized. Subsequently costs associated with maintaining such software are recognised as expense as incurred. Cost of software includes licenses fees, cost of implementation, system integration services etc. where applicable. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of Intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate."

2.7 IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing of an asset is required, the Company estimates the assets recoverable amount. An assets recoverable amount is the higher of an assets or Cash-generating unit (CGU) fair value less cost of disposal and its fair value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the assets does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. When the carrying amount of an assets or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the assets is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining the fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken in account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impaired losses are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

2.8 INVENTORIES

Stock of shares and securities are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

2.9 EARNING PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For considering the Company's earnings per share the net profit or loss for the period is taken. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares, if any, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.10 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing cost specifically relating to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying assets that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue in the period in which it is incurred. Borrowing costs consists of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

However, during the year company has not obtained loan form director which is interest free.



2.11 PROVISION AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimates of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the liability is not considered. However, a disclosure for contingent liabilities is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past event, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

2.12 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the Statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash at bank, other shortterm highly liquid investment with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.13 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

- Short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss of the year in which the related service are rendered.
- b. Compensated absence is accounted for using the project unit credit method, on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by third party actuaries at each Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to profit and loss in the period in which they arise.
- c. Contribution payable by the Company to the concerned government authorities in respect of provident fund, family pension fund and employee state insurance are defined contribution plans. The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service. The company does not have any further obligation in this respect, beyond such contribution.

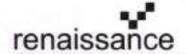
However, the above said points are not applicable to the company

2.14 INCOMETAXES

Income tax expenses comprises current and deferred income tax. Income tax expenses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in those case it is recognised in 'Other Comprehensive Income'. Current Income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balances sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax assets is recognised to the extent that it is



probable that future profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. The Company off sets current tax assets and Current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it indents either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.15 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial instrument is any contract that give rise to a financial assets of one entity and financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a. Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

The Company recognizes financial assets when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets are recognized at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive depending on its business model for managing those financial assets and the assets contractual cash flow characteristics.

(i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and other benefits.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset, which is not classified in any of the above categories, is subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

(iv) Investment in subsidiaries and associates

Investment in associates is carried at cost in the separate financial statements."

Derecognition

The company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the assets expires or it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets to another entity.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets. If credit risks has not increase significantly 12 months ECL is used to provide the impairment loss. If credit risks has increased significantly lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent



period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risks since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 month ECL.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/ expenses in the statement of profit & loss.

b. Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss, loans and borrowings or payable.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships. All change in the fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Loan and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized costs using EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Decrecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

2.16 Investment Property

'Investment property comprises freehold properties that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the assets carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurredInvestment properties are depreciated using the straightline method over their estimated useful lives prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013. Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined one's in tenure of three years, based on evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer. Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected.



from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period of derecognition."

2.17 CRITICAL ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates, judgement and assumptions which affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year and disclosure of contingent asset and liabilities as at the balance sheet date.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgement are:

Critical estimates

- Estimated useful life of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment Note 2.5 and 2.6
- b Estimated fair value of financial instruments Note 33
- Recognition of revenue Note 2.4

ii Significant Judgements

- a Designating financial asset / liability through fair value through profit or loss so as to reduce/eliminate accounting mismatch.
- b Probability of an outflow of resources to settle an obligation resulting in recognition of provision.

The estimates, judgement and assumptions used in the financial statements are based upon Management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances and as at the date of financial statements. Accounting estimates could differ from period to period and accordingly appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of the changes. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

2.18 Derivative contracts

Derivative Contracts represent a contractual right or an obligation to purchase or sale specified securities at specified price; it has to be recognized on the date of the balance sheet at fair value in context of derivative contracts means the 'exit price', the price that would be paid to transfer a liability or the price that would be received transferring an asset to a counterpart on the date of the balance sheet. Derivatives that are intended for trading are recognized as derivation income in case of squared off position on or before date of the balance sheet and in case of open position of F&O, MTM position of respective derivative contract are reflected as current assets and liabilities.

All derivatives contracts are Marked to Market (MTM) on settlement date in case of out of money and same concept is adopted in case of unsquarred derivative contracts on reporting date.

Treatment on Acquistion/Disposal of Securities due to Derivative Contract-Normally if a security is acquired or disposed off due to exercise of derivative contract, both acquisition and disposal of securities are made from Stock in Trade Portfolio. In exceptional case if a securities is required to be dispose off due to execution of derivative contract and respective security is not available in Stock in Trade Portfolio, then respective security are dispose off from Investment Portfolio. Similarly if any security is acquired due to fulfillment of derivative contract, and respective share have potential to be held for long-term dividend and growth, than in specific case respective secutities are held in Investment Portfolio.

2.19 Financial/Non-financial Assets/Liability Written off

Financial/Non-financial Assets/Liabilities including Investments, Receivables, Payables, etc., are written off, only when it is in the opinion of the management that such assets have obsolete; damaged and uneconomical to use/sale and become Nil value or less value due to which it unable to recover/sale in the open market, or investee entity engage with any quasi judicial institution (NCLT, etc).



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 3: Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	
Balance with Banks (In Current Accounts)	144,79	902.41	
Fixed Deposit (Through Sweep-out)	1,340.50	23.00	
Total	1,485,29	925.41	

Note 4 - Investments

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

voic	M329271/ASSESSMENT (1971)		(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise state Non-Current Investments					
	W	Face Value	As at 31st N		As at 31st N			
	Particulars	(In Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount		
A. In	vestment at Cost							
. In	vestment in Bonds							
U	nquoted				11			
1	Transcon Iconica Pvt. Ltd. 16% NCD		2,785	27.85	2,785	27.85		
2	Marvel Promoters & Developers		V1525000		120000			
	Pune Pvt. Ltd. 16% OCD	1	700,000	7.00	700,000	7.00		
3	Marvel Realtors & Developers Ltd.16% OCD	1	2,800,000	28.00	2,800,000	28.00		
4	16 Marvel Sigma Homes PVt. Ltd. OCD	1 20	1500000000		COMMON I			
	MD 14012017	1	1,400,000	14.00	1,400,000	14.00		
5	Mayurpankh Properties Pvt. Ltd. 20.4% NCD	100,000	75	75.00	75	75.00		
6	Ashiana Landcraft Realty Pvt Ltd	1,000	99,265	496,33	99,265	992.65		
				648.18		1,144.50		
	vestment in Fully paid up Preference Shares nquoted							
1	Mukand Limited				6,143	0.99		
	(0.01%, Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (CRPS)				0.0035-51	1,500		
2	Sebacic India Ltd	10	6,250,000	625.00	6,250,000	625.00		
	(0.001%, (Cumulative Compulsarily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)							
3	Zymrat Activewear Pvt Ltd	10	291	20.01	145	9.97		
	(0.001%, series A (Compulsarily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)							
4	Zymrat Activewear Pvt Ltd	10	151	19.97				
	(0.01%, series A (Compulsarily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)							
_				664.98		635,96		



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 4: Investments

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

F 43 3000	Face		Non-Curr	ent Investme	nts
Particulars	Value	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 202	
	(In Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount
iii. Investment in Associates					
Unquoted					
1 "Arvind Techno Engineers Pvt. Ltd. (Capital Reserve Rs. 8,75,64,256)"		67,426	3,038.86	53,274	1,862.94
			3,038.86		1,862.94
v. Investment in Debentures/Bonds Quoted					
 Bank of Baroda Unsec NCSPZB III Tier I Bonds 8.99%. 	1,000,000	50	520.81		
 The Tata Motors Finance Ltd SR-B RR NCD Perpetual 	500,000	100	500.00	100	500.00
3 The Tata Power Co. Ltd RR NCD Perpetual FV 11.4%	1,000,000		-*2	200	2,006.75
			1,020.81		2,506.75
vi.Investment in Fully paid up Preference Shares Quoted				_ = =	
 Zee Entertainment Enterprises Ltd. (6% Cumulative Redeemable Non-Convertible Preference Shares Rs. 4 each fully paid-up, 	2	-	-	27,051,376	470.90
5th March,2022)					470.90
Sub-total (A)			5,372.83		6,621.06



Note 4: Investments

		Face	Non-Current Investments					
	Particulars	Value	As at 31st N	Aarch, 2022	As at 31st N	1arch, 2021		
		(In Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount		
В.	Investment At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income							
i.	Investment in Fully paid Equity Shares Quoted							
1	Andhra Paper Ltd	10	7		12,350	27.05		
2	Andrew Yule & Company Ltd	2	68,500	13.84	68,500	13.53		
3	Bajaj Consumer Care Ltd	1	590,598	964.45	570,798	1,483.50		
4	Bajaj Holding Investment Ltd.	10	39,000	1,954.31	39,000	1,284.29		
5	Bank of India	10	555,000	254.47				
6	BEML Ltd	10	1,266	23.03	1,266	15.90		
7	Birla Corporation Ltd	10		-	25,000	237.46		
8	Castrol India Ltd	5	497,807	502.54	497,807	623.75		
9	Coal India Limited	10	1,490,708	2,728.74	1,692,308	2,205.92		
10	Cochin Shipyard Ltd	10	4,050	11.92	4,050	15.20		
11	Engineers India Ltd.	5	814,887	521.94	814,887	627.48		
12		10	757,900	1,179.67	556,600	754.47		
13		5	7,600	8.65	7,600	15.13		
14		10	118,138	135.09	118,138	162.09		
15	(BRORNERS) 25 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	10	6,470	17.43	6,470	15.17		
16		10	1,476,250	1,756.00	534,750	491.1		
17	Indian Railway Catering & Tourism Corporation Ltd	2	4,200	32.54	840	14.7		
18	[교리이어() [) 그런 이 맛있는데 그 얼마() 뭐 뭐 뭐 뭐 되었다. 그런 사람이 가지 뭐 뭐 ^^^^^^^^^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^	10	2,627,135	563.52	2,627,135	601.6		
19		2	3,133	11.69	3,133	16.05		
20		2	186,600	74.27	543,000	479.4		
21	ITC Ltd.	1	483,200	1,211.14	99,200	216.7		
22		1	258,000	380.42	258,000	352.9		
23	Karur Vysya Bank Ltd.	2	-			45.00		
	KIOCL Ltd	10	9,515	19.86	9,515	13.6		
25		2	534,540	1,918.73	125,540	537.5		
26		10	4,940	15.12	4,940	14.7		
27		10	29,385	18.38	29,385	14.8		
28		1	708,300	1,151.34	277,500	375.6		
29		10	498	0.67	274,098	292.0		
30		5	14,060	23.04	14,060	14.3		
31		1			173,575	42.7		
32	TO THE RESERVED OF THE RESERVE	10	9,527	20.65	7,145	15.4		
33	[12] [14] [14] [15] [15] [15] [15] [15] [15] [15] [15	100	108,900	145.82	26,600	2000		
0.0	PTC India Financial Services Limited	10	73,065	11.40	73,065	13.1		
100	PTC India Ltd	10	20,430	16.80	20,430	15.88		



Note 4: Investments

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

V		Face		Non-Curre	nt Investme	ents
Particula	rs	Value	As at 31st !	As at 31st March, 2022		March, 2021
		(In Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount
36 REC Ltd		10	258,000	317.47		
37 Reliance Capital Ltd.		10	116,999	19.48	116,999	12.58
38 RITES Ltd		10	738,403	1,938.31	7776078-	14100
39 Ruchira Papers Ltd		10	MATERIAL SE	A STANSON	48,561	30.13
40 SESHASAYEE PAPER	& BOARDS LTD	2		9	23,112	37.40
41 Shreyansh Industries I	Ltd	10	+	- 1	35,355	35.83
42 State Bank of India		1			63,000	229.51
43 Steel Authority of Indi	a Ltd	10	20,665	20.37	20,665	16.28
44 Sun TV Network Limit	THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON	5	109,900	538.35	119,600	562.48
45 Tamilnadu Newsprint	11/10/11/11/11/11	10		20	21,900	31.88
46 Tata Consultancy Serv	ACCUPATION AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	1	34	1.27	220210	2000
47 The New India Assura		5	9,990	11.15	9,990	15.42
48 Tide Water Oil (India)	Ltd.	2	1,700	18.89	340	14.70
49 Union Bank of India	100 100	10	10,470	4.05	10,470	3.57
50 Zee Entertainment Ent	erprises Ltd	1	**	-	1,445,009	2,936.26
ii. Investment in Venture	e Capital Fund			18,557		14,975
Unquoted	- 12					
Equanimity Venture Fu	und	100	109,877.29	181.46	90,000	91.51
2 Grand Anicut Fund I	5395	1,000	67,272.93	672.73	100,000	827.50
3 Indgrowth Capital Fun	725 A. C.				620,282	665.27
4 Indiareit Mumbai Rede	1860 1961 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 19		14.82	16.22	35	36.50
5 Real Estate Credit Opp			90.00	90.00	90	91.38
6 YourNest India VC Fur	nd II		841.89	199.26	400	103.25
iii. Investment in Units of Quoted	Mutual Funds			1,159.66		1,815.41
1 DSP Ultra Short Fund -	Regular Plan - Growth		2,530	70.56	120	-
2 Icici Prudential Liquid	Fund-Div (ICICI PMS)				27	0.03
레이트 경기 중요하다 이 경기 이번에 함께 가게 되었다.	Short Term Fund-Growth		629,977	141.24	-	0.05
4 DSP Arbitrage Fund - F	Marie Marie Comment of the Comment o		539,437	65.61		
프로토탈 아이라 아름다면 나는 아이들이 아니다 나를 다 다니다.	DIRECT PLAN GROWTH		32,212	29.92		
	ology Fund - Direct Plan (G)		17,706	31.08	-	
7 ICICI Prudential Value			17,700	51.06		
Fund-Direct Plan-Grow	vth		11,180	30.61	39,568	81.83
8 Kotak Gold ETF Fund			582,400	259.98	58,240	225.80
				629.00		307.65



Note 4: Investments

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Face	Non-Current Investments					
Particulars	Value	Value As at 31st Ma	March, 2022	As at 31st March, 202			
	(In Rs.)	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount		
iv. Investment in Equity							
Unquoted							
 Anniversary Investments & Agencies Ltd. 		20,000	24,66	20,000	24.66		
2 C P Infrabuild Pvt. Ltd.		-	*	1,000	0.03		
3 Harry Management Company Limited				22,350	106.05		
4 Semac Consultants Pvt. Ltd.		50	0.15	50	0.15		
5 Sebacic India Limited		6,944,444	162.32	6,944,444	162.32		
			187.13		293.21		
Sub-total (B)			20,532.58		17,391.04		
Total (A+B)			25,905.41		24,012.01		
		-					

Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments and market value thereof

20,206.61

Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments

5,698.81

Notes:

\$3,99,944 nos of shares of Coal India Ltd. lying as margin with JM Financials Services Ltd

\$\$3,00,000 no of shares of Bajaj Consumer care Ltd lying as margin with JM Financials Services Ltd

#2,50,000 nos of shares of Indian Oil Corporation Limited lying as margin with Emkay Global Financial Services Limited.

##2,50,540 nos of shares of LIC housing finance lying as margin with Emkay Global Financial Services Limited.

###2,00,000 nos of shares of Bajaj Consumer care Ltd. lying as margin with Emkay Global Financial Services Limited.

*70,000 nos of shares of Bajaj Consumer care Ltd. Lying as margin with FRR

During the year realizable value of specific non-current investments have been partially/fully obsolete and having no scope to sale in open market. Hence company has written off such investments as here under:

- a. 50% value of original cost of investment in NCD of Ashiana Landcraft Realty Pvt. Ltd., has been written off due to investee company engage in with quasi judicial institution (viz. NCLT), it is probable that Company would be able to recover upto 50% originally invested value.
- Investment in quoted equity shares of Karur Vysya Bank Limited, so as to rectify inadvertently errors of previous year figure.
- c. Investment value in unquoted equity shares of C.P. Infrabuild Pvt. Ltd., as Investee Company had struck off in the previous financial year and nothing was received by the Company, pursuant such strike off.



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 5: Other financial assets

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Unsecured, Considered Good, Current		
Interest Accured but not due	55.22	139.05
Bills Receivables	293.06	295.56
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received		0.02
Receivable from Broker	849.39	3.87
Dividend Receivable	0.53	37.14
Loans and Advances	1.63	1.46
Others Receivables	4.03	471.58
Total	1,203.84	948.66

Note 6: Inventories

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Stock in Trade	335.10	204.56
Total	335.10	204.56

Note 7: Tax liability

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Advance Income Tax and TDS	Dist institutely about	315t March, 2021
Current year	331.80	
Earlier years	121.23	306.05
MAT Credit Entitlement	248.21	209.78
Total	701.24	515.83

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Provision for Income Tax	418.61	300.00
Total	418.61	300.00



Forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 8: Deferred tax assets /(liabilities) (Net)

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	Charged /(credit) during the year	As at 31st March, 2021	Charged/ (credit) during the year
Deferred tax assets on account of:				
a) On differences between WDV of Fixed assets as per book balances and tax balances	5.23	0.46	4.76	0.07
 b) On differences between fair value of investment as per book balances and tax balances 		-		(998.60)
c) on account of Losses Carry Forward	419.93	(54.60)	474.53	(198.52)
Total deferred tax assets	425.16	(54.14)	479.29	(1,197.06)
Deferred tax liabilities on account of:				
 a) On differences between WDV of Fixed assets as per book balances and tax balances 				
 b) On differences between fair value of investment as per book balances and tax balances 	380.70	(526.75)	907.45	907.45
c) on account of Losses Carry Forward			- 14	
Total deferred tax (liabilities) / Asset	380.70	(526.75)	907.45	907.45
Total deferred tax (net)	44.46	472.61	(428.15)	(2,104.51)

Notes Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

		Gross Value				Amortisation				
Asset Category as o	Opening as on 01.04.21	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03.2022	Opening as on 01.04.21		Retirement/ Adjustments during the year		As on 31.03.2022	
Flat in Bangalore (Altezza)	366.21	87		366.21	12.63	6.31		18.94	347,27	
Flat in Bangalore (Altura)	324.63	10	- 5	324.63	11.19	5.60	*1	16.79	307.84	
Shops in DLF Jasola	1,129.25			1,129.25	44.28	22.14	54	66.43	1,062.82	
Total	1,820.09			1,820.09	68.11	34.05	-	102.16	1,717.93	

		Gross Value					Amortisation				
Asset Category	Opening as on 01.04.20	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03.2021	Opening as on 01.04.20	Depreciation during the Year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year		As on 31.03.2021		
Flat in Bangalore (Altezza)	366.21	¥3	-	366.21	6.31	6.31	€.	12.63	353.59		
Flat in Bangalore (Altura)	324.63	80.0		324.63	5.60	5.60	- 61	11.19	313.44		
Shops in DLF Jasola	1,129.25	1.60		1,129.25	22.14	22.14		44.28	1,084.97		
Total	1,820.09	-	-	1,820.09	34.05	34.05		68.11	1,751.99		



Note 9.1 The useful life of investment property (Building) is 60 years.

Note 9.2 The comapany has leased out it's investment propertis and the same has been classified as operating leases on account that there was no transfer of substantial risk and rewards incidental to ownership of the assets. Recognition of income and related expenses in profit and loss for investment properties are tabulated below:

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particular	Current year	Previous year
Rental Income	4.75	0.084
Profit from Investment properties before depreciation	4.75	0.084
Depreciation	34.05	34.05
Direct operating expenses	8.99	4.47
Profit/(Loss) from Investment property	-38.29	-38.44

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 9.3 Amount recognised in profit and loss account in respect to investment property.

Particular	Amount
Rental income from investment property	4.75
Direct operating expenses that generate rental income during the period	0.31
Direct operating expenses did not generate rental income during the period	8.68

Note 9.4 It is contractual obligation to pay for the repairs and maintenance expenses incurred by DLF TOWER B JASOLA CONDOMINIUM ASSOCIATION.

Note 9.5 In accordance with the significant policy of Investment property (Note no. 2.16), in current year fair value has not been recognaised and valued at cost.

Notes Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Gross Value				1	in.	Net Value		
Asset Category	Opening as on 01.04.21	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03.2022	Opening as on 01.04.21		Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	UD DO	As on 31.03.2022
Buildings	624.12	-	1	624.12	59.31	27.51	-	86.82	537.30
Office Equipments	1.25	0.40	*	1.64	0.73	0.21	198	0.95	0.69
Vehicles	39.63	340		39.63	20.89	5.85	120	26.74	12.89
Computer	0.05	-		0.05				+	0.05
Total	665.05	0.40	7(#1)	665.44	80.94	33.57		114.51	550.93

Note 10: Property, Plant & Equipment

		Gross	Value			tion	Net Value		
Asset Category	Opening as on 01.04.20	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03.2021	Opening as on 01.04.20		Retirement/ Adjustments during the year		As on 31.03.2021
Buildings	624.12			624.12	30.40	28.92	9.0	59.31	564.81
Office Equipments	1.15	0.10	343	1.25	0.44	0.30		0.73	0.51
Vehicles	61.17	-	21.55	39.63	19.11	11.36	9.58	20.89	18.74
Computer	1.01		0.96	0.05	0.63	0.13	0.76	0.5	0.05
Total	687.45	0.10	22.50	665.05	50.57	40.70	10.34	80.94	584.11

a) There is a contractual obligation against acquisition of property, for which INR 32.75 lakhs paid as an advance.

Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 11 : Intangible assets										
Asset Category		Gross Value					Amortisation			
	Opening as on 01.04.21	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03.2022	Opening as on 01.04.21	Depreciation during the Year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year		As on 31.03.2022	
Software	0.17		-	0.17		15	1.20	-	0.17	
Total	0.17			0.17		-	-	-	0.17	

Note:- Intangible assets (Software) is now showing at it's residual value.

	Gross Value					Amortisation				
Asset Category	Opening as on 01.04.20	Additions during the year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year	As on 31.03.2021	Opening as on 01.04.20	Depreciation during the Year	Retirement/ Adjustments during the year		As on 31.03.2021	
Software	0.17		2	0.17			ş:	-	0.17	
Total	0.17		-	0.17		-	-		0.17	

a) The Company has elected to measure the intangible assets at their previous GAAP carrying value on the date of transition to Ind AS. The Gross Block and Accumulated Depreciation as on the date of transition to Ind AS was Rs. 2.64 lacs and Rs. 2.47 lacs respectively.



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 12: Other Non Financial Assets

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Capital Advances*	32.75	32.75
Security Deposits	25.13	30.16
Prepaid Expenses	2.45	5.16
Total	60.33	68.07

^{*} Advance paid against purchase of properties.

Note 13: Derivative Liability

Disclosure on Derivatives

- (i) Forward rate agreement/interest rate swap
 - The Company has not entered in forward rate
- (ii) Currency rate Derivatives

The company has not traded in currency rate derivatives during the current and previous year

The Company has not traded in exchange traded interest

(iv) Credit rate Derivatives

The Company has not traded in credit rate derivative during the current and previous year

(v) Equity linked derivatives

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021		
ramiculars	Notional amounts	Fair value assets	Fair value liabilities	Notional amounts	Fair value assets	Fair value liabilities
Equity Linked Derivatives	62.62	725	58.35	13.13		13.13
Total Derivatives	62.62	-	58.35	13.13	2.	13.13

(vi) Disclosures on risk exposure in derivatives:-

Securitization/assignment

Outstanding amount of securitised assets as per books of the SPVs

The Company has not entered into securitisation transactions during the current and previous year.

(ii) Details of financial assets sold to reconstruction company

The Company has not sold any financial asset to reconstruction compnay.

(iii) Details of assignment transactions undertaken

The Company has not entered into assignment transactions during the current and previous year.

(Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap / Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives)



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 14: Borrowings (other than Debt securities)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Borrowings within India at amortised cost		
Loan from Director	700.00	700.00
Total	700.00	700.00

Nature of Security and Terms of Repayment	(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	
	Rs.	Rs.	
Loans and advances from related parties			
Unsecured Debt: Demand Loan	700.00	700.00	

Note 15: Other Financial Liabilities

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2022	March, 2021
Salaries and wages payable	0.08	1.37
Security Deposits	2.90	-
Expenses Payable	8,92	28.27
Total	11.90	29.65

Note 16: Non Financial Liabilties

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Statutory Dues	3.66	2.60
Total	3.66	2.60



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 17: Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31st Mar	ch, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised				
1,08,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	10,850,000	1,085.00	10,850,000	1,085.00
8 % Non Cumulative Preference shares of Rs.10 each	14,150,000	1,415.00	14,150,000	1,415.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up:				
36,91,379 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- Each (Fully paid)	3,691,379	369.14	3,691,379	369.14
Total		369.14		369.14

The Company has one class of equity share having a par value of 7 10/-per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

For the period of five years immediately preceding the date as at which the Balance Sheet is prepared:

- Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash was NIL.
- ii.) Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares was NIL.
- iii). Aggregate number and class of shares bought back was NIL.

Reconciliation of Shares Issued

As no fresh issue of shares or reduction in capital was made during the current year as well as during the previous period, hence there is no change in the opening and closing capital. Accordingly, reconciliation of share capital has not been given.

Top shareholders holding more than 5%

Particulars	As at 31	ist March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	
	No. of Shares	Percentage (%) of holding	No. of Shares	Percentage (%) of holding
Shree Hari Parivaar Trust	1,510,579	40.92	1,510,579	40.92
Syt. Ajai Hari Dalmia	524,447	14.21	524,447	14.21
"M/s Raghu Trading & Investment Company Private Limited"	503,283	13.63	503,283	13.63
M/s Global Agencies Private Limited	372,907	10.10	372,907	10.10
Chaitanya Parivar Trust	312,000	8.45	312,000	8.45
Total	3,223,216	87.32	3,223,216	87.32

Detail of Equity shareholding of Promoter

	As at Mar 31, 2022			As at Mar 31, 2021		
Particulars	No. of shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	No. of shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Syt. Ajai Hari Dalmia	524,447	14.21	-	524,447	14.21	14.21
Shree Hari Parivaar Trust	1,510,579	40.92	-	1,510,579	40.92	
Total	2,035,026	55.13	1	2,035,026	55.13	14.21

There is no change in promoter shareholding during the financial year 2021-22.



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 19: Other income

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Net Gain / (loss) on sale of investments	627.69	902.24
Income from Discounting of Bills (net)	- 57	7.65
Profit on sale of fixed assets		3.00
Interest Income	34,74	1.20
Profit On Speculation		(4.64)
Balance Written off Income	24.74	0.74
Rental Income	1.20	100
Parking Space Leasing Income	3.55	0.08
Total	691.91	910.27

Note 20: Changes in Inventories of Stock in Trade

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Opening Stocks	204.56	
Total (A)	204.56	- 2
Closing Stock Stock in Trade	335.10	204.56
Total (B)	335.10	204.56
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories (A - B)	(130.54)	(204.56)

Note 21: Employee benefits expenses

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Managerial Remuneration	6.00	6.00
Salary & Stipends	15.98	32.41
Medical Expenses	1.48	0.39
Staff welfare expenses	1.62	1.42
Total	25.09	40.22



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note: 22 Other Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Administrative & Other Miscellaneous Expenses	19.96	17.07
Book Keeping & Accounting Charges	5.38	2.24
Balance Written Off	0.48	0.58
Investments Written Off	541.43	
Commission Paid	2.0	0.47
Depository Charges	1.42	1.65
Insurance	1.56	2.02
Security Transaction Tax	5.12	1.66
CSR & Donations	9.66	8.24
Legal & Professional Charges	91.70	81.50
Audit Fees (Refer Note : 22.1)	2.50	2.36
Rates, Fee & Taxes	1.26	2.18
Rental Expenses	13.23	12.40
Maintenance Charges	17.68	12.39
Fravelling Expenses	4.45	0.83
Miscellaneous Expenses	6.35	2.54
Interest on TDS	0.00	0.07
Bank Charges	0.05	0.03
Redemption expenses	16.24	0.03
Total	738.47	148.22

Note: 22.1 Auditors' Remuneration paid / payable for the year

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Statutory Audit fee	2.07	2.07
Tax Audit fee	9.30	0.30
GST Audit Fee	0.14	
Total	2.50	2.36

Note 23: Depreciation and amortisation

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year For t ended 31st end March, 2022 Marc		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer Note 10)	33.57	40.70	
Amortisation of investment in property (Refer Note 9)	34.05	34.05	
Total	67.63	74.76	



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 24: Earning per share

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	3,691,379	3,691,379
Profit after tax available for shareholders	3,274.82	2,759.65
Basic & diluted earning per share	88.72	74.76
Nominal value per share	10.00	10.00

Note 25: Effective Tax Reconciliation

Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit as per Ind AS 12:

Income Tax Expenses

This note provides an analysis of the Company's income tax expenses that how the tax expenses is affected by nonassessable and not-deductible items:

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Income Tax Expenses		
Current tax for the year	418.61	(300.00)
MAT Credit	104.19	(31.00)
Adjustment for tax of prior period	(98.72)	19.93
Total current expenses	424.07	(311.07)
Deferred tax		Water and the control of the control
Increase/ (Decrease) in deferred tax assets	(54.14)	(1,197.06)
(Increase)/ Decrease in deferred tax liabilities		
Total deferred tax Income/(Expenses)	(54.14)	(1,197.06)
Other Comprehensive Income		
Tax expense on Re-measurement gains/(Losses) on fair value of investments	(526.75)	907.45
Total tax on Other Comprehensive Income	(526.75)	907.45

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Change in Fair Value of Equity Instruments (quoted)	1,084.71	3,261.02
Change in Fair Value of Equity Instruments (un-quoted)		(14.18)
Change in Fair Value of Mutual Funds	37.91	37.57
Change in Fair Value of Venture Capital	146.29	345.38
Total	1,268.92	3,629.79



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 27: Disclosure required pursuant to Ind AS-36 "Impairment of assets"

The Company has carried out impairment test on its fixed assets as on the date of Balance Sheet and the Management is of the opinion that there is no asset for which provision for impairment is required to be made as per Ind AS - 36 Impairment of Assets.

Note 28: Financial Risk Management objectives and policies

The Company's business activities exposed to a variety of financial risk viz., market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial risk and to address the issue to minimize the potential adverse effects of its financial performance.

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the company's management.

Marketrisk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Such changes in the values of financial instruments may result from changes in the foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, credit, liquidity and other market changes.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, loans, investments and other financial assets.

At each reporting date, the Company measures loss allowance for certain class of financial assets based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the Company operates.

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers primarily located in India. Credit risk has always been managed by the Company through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company uses expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss or gain. The Company uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and unbilled revenues. The provision matrix takes into account available external and internal credit risk factors such as credit default swap quotes, credit ratings from international credit rating agencies and the Company's historical experience for customers.

(i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company measures Expected Credit Loss (ECL) for financial instruments based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the Company operates

For financial assets, a credit loss is the difference between:

- (a) the contractual cash flows that are due to an entity under the contract; and
- (b) the cash flows that the entity expects to receive

The Company recognizes in profit or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date in accordance with Ind AS 109.

In determination of the allowances for credit losses on trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedience by computing the expected credit losses based on ageing matrix, which has taken into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward looking information. The Company also makes general provision for life time expected credit loss based on it previous experience of write off in previous years.



(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(ii) The movement of Trade Receivables are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021		
Bills Receivables (Gross)				
Less: Expected Credit Loss				
Trade Receivables (Net)				
The movement of Expected credit loss are as follows:				

The movement of expected credit loss are as follows:

Particulars	Year	ended
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Opening balance		
Add: Provision made during the year		
Less: Reversal / utilised during the year		
Closing balance	-	

Financial Instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk arising from investments and balances with banks is limited because the counter parties are banks and recognised companies and approved funds managed by professionals fund managers with high credit worthiness. The Company considers factors such as track record, size of the institution, market reputation and service standards to select the banks with which balances and deposits are maintained. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties. The maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet is Rs. 1,206.26 Lakhs as at 31.03.2022 and Rs. 953.8 Lakhs as at 31.03.2021, which is the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial investments and financial assets (i.e. trade receivables, other financial assets) and projected cash flows from operations.

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and the cash flow that is generated from opreations. The Company believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its current requirements. At the end of the reporting period the company held margin money in securities of Rs. 2,629.63 lakhs (as on 31.03.20 Rs. 1881.15 lakhs) that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, company treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

As at March 31, 2022, the Company had a working capital of 2931.09 Lakhs including cash and cash equivalents of 1,486.64 Lakhs. As at March 31, 2021, the Company had a working capital of 1,554.23 Lakhs including cash and cash equivalents of 924.41 Lakhs. Accordingly, no liquity risk is perceived.

Note 29: Corporate Social Responsibility

As per section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2021 as amended, the Company is required to spent for CSR activities in accordance with its CSR policy. The details of the CSR expenses for the year are as under:



	Parti	icular	Current Year	Previous Year
a)	Gros	ss amount required to be spend by the Company during the year	4.00	7.08
b)	Amo	ount spend during the year		
	i)	Construction/acquisition of any assets	59	9
	ii)	On purpose other than (i) above*		
		 Contribution to various Trust/NGOs/Soceity/Agencies and utilisation thereon 	4.60	8.24
		- Expenditure on administrative overheads for CSR		
	TOT	TAL	4.60	8.24
C)	Shor	rtfall at the end of the year	1-	- 5
d)	Tota	al of previous years shortfall	-	
e)	Reas	son for shortfall		3
f)		ails of related party transctions, contribution to a trust controlled by the npany in relation to CSR expenditure trust		
g)	Nati	ure of CSR activities undertaken by the Company are in relation to:		
	i)	Employment enhancing vocational skills, tranning for women	1.76	- 0
	ii)	Contributioin towrards Prime Minister's National Relief Fund Rural development and enhancement	2.84	
h)	Exce	ess Spend during the year	0.60	

As per companies (Corporate Social Responsibility policy) Amedment rules, 2021 prospectively eff from 22nd January, 2021, companies are allowed to set off the excess CSR spend amount if any upto immediately succeeding 3 years.

Note 30: Expenditure in Foreign currency

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Expesnes incurred outside India		
Travelling expenses		5.15



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 31: Related Party Disclosure

Pursuant to Ind AS-24 "Related Party Disclosures", following parties are to be treated as related parties:

(a) Where control exists/significant influence:

Name of the Related party

Nature of Relationship

M.s Arvind Techno Engineers Pvt. Ltd.

Enterprise over which Company has significant influence

(b) Entities over which key managerial personnel is able to exercise significant influence:

Name of the Related party

- M/s Renaissance Asset Management Co.(P) Ltd
- Shri Finance
- 3. Renaissance Consultancy Services Ltd.
- 4. Sohna Agri Farms Pvt. Ltd.

(c) Key managerial personnel

Syt.. Ajai Hari Dalmia

Syt. Chaitanya Dalmia

Mr. Vasu Modi

Mr. Puneet Verma

Smt. Puja Dalmia

Syt. Gaur Hari Dalmia

d) Group Company

Shree Hari Pariyaar Trust

Nature of Relationship

- Director
- Director
- Director
- Key Managerial personal
- Relative of Director
- Relative of Director

Nature of Relationship

has control or joint control over the reporting entity

Details of transactions with the related parties

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Where control exists		Entities over which key managerial personnel is able to exercise significant influence		Key managerial personnel		Group Company	
Transaction during the year	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
Salary/stipend Rent	9,59	•			11.46			
Loan Taken Short Term Loans From Director	-					700.00		

Balances at the end of the year

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Particulars	w	here cont exists	trol	Entities over which key managerial personnel is able to exercise significant influence			Key manager personnel	
	31st ?	31st March Apr		31st March		1st April	31st March		1st April
	2022	2021	2020	2022	2021	2020	2022	2021	2020
Balance Payable	-		121		-				-



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 32: Financial instruments

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	31	st March, 200	22	3	1st March, 2	2021
etival VO-recognicità		FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortized Cost	FVTPL.	FVOCI	Amortized Cost
Financial Assets							
Investment							
Equity Shares (Quoted)	4	- 35	18,556.79			14,974.76	
Mutual funds (Quoted)	4	-	629.00			307.65	
Venture Capital funds (UnQuoted)	4		1,159.66	2	-	1,815.41	
Equity Shares (Un Quoted)	4	-	187.13	ূ	-	293.21	
Bonds (Unquoted)	4	<u></u>		648.18		- 4	1,144.50
Bonds (Quoted)	4			1,020.81			2,506.75
Preference Shares (Unquoted)	4	18		664.98		-	635.96
Preference Shares (Quoted)	4	- 85					470.90
Equity Shares (Associate)	4			3,038.86		-	1,862.94
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3			1,485.29			925.41
Other Financial Assets	5	12		1,203.84		-	948,66
Total Financial Assets		- 14	20,532.58	8,061.97		17,391.04	8,495.13
Financial Liabilities							100
Derivatives	13	-	00.00		-	00.00	1
Borrowings	14	- 1	-	700,00		-	700.00
Other Financial Liabilities	15	-		11.90			29.65
Total Financial liabilities	V.		00.00	711.90	-	00.00	729.65

Fair Value Hierarchy

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)

Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

Fair Value Techniques:

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- Fair value of cash and short term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables, current loans, other financial assets, and other financial liabilities approximate to their carrying amount largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.
- b) Long term fixed rate and variable rate receivables are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rate, specific country risk factors, credit risk and other risk characteristics. Fair value of variable interest rate borrowings approximates their carrying values.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of Company's asset and liabilities grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 as described below:



i) Financial assets and liabilities are measured at-recurring fair value measurement

As at March 31, 2022

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Level 1	Level2	Level3	Total
Asstes measured at fair value through OCI					
Investment in:					
Equity Shares	4	18,556.79	187.13	12	18,743.92
Mutual funds	4	629.00			629.00
Venture Capital funds	4	11 2	1,159.66	155	1,159.66
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		19,185.79	1,346.79		20,532.58
Liabilities measured at fair value through OCI					
Derivative financial instruments:					
Equity Linked	13	0.00	3-27		0.00
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		0.00			0.00
As at March 31, 2021					
Particulars	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Asstes measured at fair value through OCI					
Investment in:				and the same	
Equity Shares	- 4	14,974.76	293.21	-	15,267.97
Mutualfunds	4	307.65	-	- 12	307.65
Venture Capital funds	4	- 2	1,815.41	G.	1,815.41
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		15,282.41	2,108.63	-	17,391.04
Liabilities measured at fair value through OCI					
Derivative financial instruments:					
Equity Linked	13	0.00		-	0.00
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		0.00			0.00

During the year ended 31.03.2022 and 31.03.2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements and no transfer into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 33: Disclosure in realtion of struk off company

Name of a Struck off	Nature off Transaction with	Balance	Realtionship with the
Company	the Struck off Company	Outstanding	Struck off Company
C P Infrabuild Pvt. Ltd.	Other Outstanding Balance (Investment in security)		Investment in Security

Note		

Note 34: Key Ratios	(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated					
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2022	For the year ended 31 March, 2021	Variance	Reasons for Variance		
	Rs. In Lakhs	Rs. In Lakhs	In %	Rs. In Lakhs		
(a) Current Ratio	NA	NA.	NA	NA		
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio	0.02	0.03	-10.63	NA		
- Total Debt	700,00	700.00				
- Shareholders Equity	30,812.19	27,537.37				
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	2.23	2.34	-4.91	Due to decline in Proft before tax.		
- Earnings available for debt service	1559.50	1,640.03				
- Debt Service	700.00	700.00				
(d) Return on Equity Ratio	8.88	7.50	18.46	NA		
 Net Profits after taxes - Preference Dividend (if any) 	3,279.36	2,768.29				
 Average Shareholder's Equity 	369.14	369.14				
(e) Inventory turnover ratio	27.78	4.41	529.75	Due to increase in sales.		
 Cost of Goods Sold or Sales 	2,425.79	464.20				
- Average Inventory	87.31	105.21				
(f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA		
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA		
(h) Net capital turnover ratio,	NA	NA	NA	NA		
(i) Net profit ratio	0.32	0.70	-54,34	Due to decline in Proft before tax		
- Net profit	1,491.88	1,565.27				
- Net Sales	4,655.21	2,230.07				
(j) Return on Capital employed	4.04	4.24	4.69	Due to decline in Proft before tax.		
 Earnings Before Interest and tax 	1,491.88	1,565.27				
- Capital employed	369.14	369.14				
(k) Return on investment	6.45	0.12	5,079.16	Due to Increase in deferred tax assets		
Profir After Tax	2,379.96	45.95				
Investments	369.14	369.14				



i) Financial assets and liabilities are measured at-recurring fair value measurement

As at March 31, 2022

(All amounts in ? Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level3	Total
Asstes measured at fair value through OCI					
Investment in:					41.0
Equity Shares	4	18,556.79	187.13	- 6	18,743.92
Mutual funds	4	629.00	3.50		629:00
Venture Capital funds	4	- 5	1,159.66	10	1,159.66
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		19,185.79	1,346.79	*	20,532.58
Liabilities measured at fair value through OCI					
Derivative financial instruments:					
Equity Linked	13	0.00			0.00
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		0.00			0.00
As at March 31, 2021					
Particulars	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Asstes measured at fair value through OCI					
Investment in:					
Equity Shares	4	14,974.76	293.21		15,267.97
Mutual funds	4	307.65		-	307.65
Venture Capital funds	4	- 2	1,815.41	-	1,815,41
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		15,282.41	2,108.63	- 4	17,391.04
Liabilities measured at fair value through OCI				-	
Derivative financial instruments:					
Equity Linked	13	0.00		-	0.00
Total assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (i)		0.00			0.00

During the year ended 31.03.2022 and 31.03.2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements and no transfer into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.



Note 34: Key Ratios

Notes

Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 33: Disclosure in realtion of struk off company

Name of a Struck off Company	Nature off Transaction with the Struck off Company	Balance Outstanding	Realtionship with the Struck off Company Investment in Security	
C P Infrabuild Pvt. Ltd.	Other Outstanding Balance (Investment in security)			

	(Investment in security)	investment in Security
-		

Par	ticulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2022	For the year ended 31 March, 2021	Variance	Reasons for Variance
		Rs. In Lakhs	Rs. In Lakhs	In %	Rs. In Lakhs
(a)	Current Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA
(b)	Debt-Equity Ratio	0.02	0.03	-10.63	NA
	- Total Debt	700.00	700.00		
3	- Shareholders Equity	30,812.19	27,537.37		
(c)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	2.23	2.34	-4.91	Due to decline in Proft before tax.
	- Earnings available for debt service	1559.50	1,640.03		
	- Debt Service	700.00	700.00		
(d)	Return on Equity Ratio	8.88	7.50	18.46	N.A
	 Net Profits after taxes - Preference Dividend (if any) 	3,279.36	2,768.29		
	- Average Shareholder's Equity	369.14	369.14		
(e)	Inventory turnover ratio	27.78	4.41	529.75	Due to increase in sales.
	- Cost of Goods Sold or Sales	2,425.79	464.20		
	- Average Inventory	87.31	105.21		
(f)	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	NA	NA.	NA	NA
(g)	Trade payables turnover ratio	NA	NA.	NA	NA
(h)	Net capital turnover ratio,	NA	NA	NA	NA
(i)	Net profit ratio	0.32	0.70	-54.34	Due to decline in Proft before tax
1	- Net profit	1,491.88	1,565.27		
	- Net Sales	4,655.21	2,230.07		
(j)	Return on Capital employed	4.04	4.24	-4.69	Due to decline in Proft before tax.
	- Earnings Before Interest and tax	1,491.88	1,565,27		
	- Capital employed	369.14	369.14		
(k)	Return on investment	6.45	0.12	5,079.16	Due to Increase in deferred tax assets
	Profir After Tax	2,379.96	45.95		
	Investments	369.14	369.14		



Forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts in 7 Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 35: Capital Ratios

An illustrative format for this disclosure is given below:

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% Variance	Reason for variance (if above 25%)
Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)	Capital (Tier I + Tier II)	Risk weighted assets	1.05	1.00	5.08	NA
Tier I CRAR	Equity share capital+General reserve+Retained earning	Risk weighted assets	0.62	0.67	-6.60	NA
Tier II CRAR	0.45 (Capital redemption reserve + change in fair value of investment)	Risk weighted assets	0.10	0.09	17.33	Due to FV effect on transition.
Liquidity Coverage Ratio.	Cash and cash Equivalents	Average outflow	0.65	0.38	70.62	Due to more investment in liquid funds.

Note 36: Investment in Associate

Investment in Associate	2021-2022	2020-2021
Arvind Techno Engineers Pvt. Ltd.		
Percetange share	34.28%	27.09%
Profit before Other comprehensive income	1,390.20	(41.30)
Other comprehensive income	(13.43)	(31.90)
	1,376.77	(73.20)
Investment as on 31st March	1,862.94	1,882.77
Investment made during the year	710.43	-
Share of Profit in Associate Company	470.03	(11.19)
Share of Other comprehensive income in Associate Company	(4.54)	(8.64)
Adjusted Investment as on 31st March	3,038.86	1,862.94

Note 37: Other Disclosures

- There is no income which is required to be recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under Income Tax Act, 1961.
- The company has not been decalred as willful defaulter by any Bank or Financial Institutions.
- The company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.
- 4) Tere is no proceeding ehich have been initiated or pending agisnt the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transaction (prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- As on Balance Sheet date, the company has no contingent liability and capital commitments.

Note 38: Previous year figures have been rearranged / regrouped wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification disclosure.

AVALOKITESHVAR VALINV LIMITED

CIN - U65993DL1974PLC120976

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